

Most Important English Words Part-3

কোন অধ্যায়ে সরাসরি যাবার জন্যঃ

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Abeyance (n.) [স্থগিতাবস্থা]

- ⇒ = suspended action.
- ⇒ The party was held in abeyance until his arrival.

Abnegate (v.) [ক্ষমতাবলে বাতিল করা]

- ⇒ = abolish, revoke formally.
- ⇒ Abnegation (n.) [আত্মোৎসর্গ]
- ⇒ = self-sacrifice, renunciation.
- ⇒ We will never forget those martyrs of language movement for their abnegation.

Accolade (n.) [সমাদর]

- ⇒ = award of merit.
- ⇒ In Hollywood, an 'Oscar' is the highest accolade.

Accountable (adj.) [দায়ী]

- ⇒ = someone who is accountable is completely responsible for what they do and must be able to give a satisfactory reason for it.
- ⇒ She is accountable only to the managing director.
- ⇒ Accountability (n.)

Accouter (v.) [সজ্জিত করা]

- ⇒ = equip.
- ⇒ The traveler was accoutered with various goods.
- ⇒ Accouterments (n.)

Agglomerate (v.) [পিণ্ডীভূত হওয়া]

- ⇒ = form into one cluster.
- ⇒ Agglomeration (n.) [পিণ্ডীকরণ]
- ⇒ = collection, heap.
- ⇒ An agglomeration of various ethnic and religious groupings.

Ambulatory (adj.)

- ⇒ = able to walk about.
- ⇒ An ambulatory corridor/ patient.

Anecdote (n.) [বাস্তব সংক্ষিপ্ত কাহিনী]

- ⇒ = short account of an amusing event.
- ⇒ He told one or two amusing anecdotes about his years as a policeman.
- ⇒ Anecdotal (adj.)

Anomaly (n.) [অস্বাভাবিক বা ব্যতিক্রমী বস্তু]

- ⇒ =irregularity.
- ⇒ A bird that cannot fly is an anomaly.
- ⇒ Anomalous (adj.)
- ⇒ Anomalously (adv.)

Antagonize (v.) [শত্রুভাবাপন্ন করা, সংঘাতে ঠেলে দেয়া]

- ⇒ I didn't want to antagonize him.
- ⇒ Antagonist (n.) [প্রতিপক্ষ, প্রতিদ্বন্দী]
- ⇒ Antagonistic (adj.) [শত্রুভাবাপন্ন]
- ⇒ Antagonistically (adv.)
- ⇒ Antagonism (n.) [সক্রিয় বিরোধিতা]

Antediluvian (adj.) [মহাপ্লাবনপূর্ব কাল সম্বন্ধীয়, সেকেলে, অপ্রচলিত]

- ⇒ = antiquated, extremely ancient.
- ⇒ She has some hopelessly antediluvian ideas about the role of women.

Apprehend (v.) [গ্রেফতার করা, বুঝতে পারা, আশঙ্কা করা]

- ⇒ = perceive, dread, arrest.
- ⇒ The police will apprehend the culprit and convict him before long.
- ⇒ Apprehension (n.)

Arcane (adj.) [গোপনীয়, রহস্যময়]

- ⇒ = requiring secret or mysterious knowledge.
- ⇒ This argument may seem arcane to those not closely involved in the world of finance.

Assay (v.) [ধাতু ইত্যাদির বিশুদ্ধতা পরীক্ষা করা, প্রযত্ন করা]

- ⇒ = analyze (chemical substances).
- ⇒ Make an assay of an ore.
- ⇒ Assay (n.) [কষ্টি]

Atrocity (n.) [নৃশংসতা]

- ⇒ = the quality of being shockingly cruel and inhumane.
- ⇒ They're on trial for committing atrocities against the civilian population.
- ⇒ Atrocious (adj.)
- ⇒ Murder is an atrocious crime.

Attrition (n.) [শক্তিক্ষয়ের যুদ্ধ]

- ⇒ = a wearing down to weaken or destroy, erosion by friction.
- ⇒ Terrorist groups and the government have been engaged in a costly war of attrition since 1968.

Audacity (n.) [স্পর্ধা]

- ⇒ = aggressive boldness or unmitigated effrontery.
- ⇒ It took a lot of audacity to stand up and criticize the chairman.
- ⇒ Audacious (adj.)
- ⇒ He described the plan as ambitious and audacious.
- ⇒ Audaciously (adv.)
- ⇒ Audaciousness (n.)

Avarice (n.) [লালসা, ধনলিপ্সা, ব্যয়কুণ্ঠতা]

- ⇒ = insatiable desire for wealth.
- ⇒ Her business empire brought her wealth beyond the dreams of avarice.
- ⇒ Avaricious (adj.) [লোলুপ (অর্থ/ক্ষমতা সম্বন্ধে)]
- ⇒ Avariciously (adv.)

Avouch (v.)

- ⇒ = admit openly and bluntly; make no bones about.

Axiom (n.) [স্বতঃসিদ্ধ]

- ⇒ = a saying that widely accepted on its own merits.
- ⇒ All geometrical axioms are affixed at the end of this book.
- ⇒ Axiomatic (adj.)
- ⇒ It is an axiomatic fact that governments rise and fall on the state of the economy.
- ⇒ Axiomatically (adv.)

Bamboozle (v.) [ধাপ্লা দেয়া, বোকা বানানো]

- ⇒ = to trick or deceive someone, often by confusing them.
- ⇒ She was bamboozled into telling them her credit card number.

Bard (n.) [চারণ, কবি]

- ⇒ = a lyric poet.
- ⇒ The ancient bard Homar sang of [sing of sth = প্রশংসিগাথা রচনা করা] the fall of Troy.

Becloud (v.)

- ⇒ = make less visible or unclear.

Bland (adj.) [বিনয়ী, নম্র, আকর্ষণহীন, বৈশিষ্ট্যহীন]

- ⇒ = lacking taste or flavor or tang.
- ⇒ Pop music these days is so bland.
- ⇒ Blandly (adv.)
- ⇒ Blandness (n.)

Boor (n.) [বর্বর/অসভ্য লোক, গ্রাম্য লোক, চাষা]

- ⇒ = a crude uncouth ill-bred person lacking culture or refinement.
- ⇒ Boorish (adj.)
- ⇒ Boorishly (adv.)
- ⇒ Boorishness (n.)

Bucolic (adj.) [রাখালি, গ্রামিক]

- ⇒ = rustic, pastoral.
- ⇒ There is a bucolic sight behind the airport.

Burlesque (v.) [প্রহসিত করা]

- ⇒ = make a parody of.
- ⇒ Burlesque (n.) [কৌতুকজনক অনুকরণ]
- ⇒ = a type of writing or acting that tries to make something serious seem ridiculous.

Camaraderie (n.) [সহকর্মী/সতীর্থদের মাঝে]

সহমর্মিতা/সৌহার্দ্য]

- ⇒ = a feeling of friendliness towards people with whom you work or share an experience.
- ⇒ When you've been climbing alone for hours, there's a tremendous sense of camaraderie when you meet another climber.

Capacious (adj.) [সুপরিসর, ধারণক্ষমতাসম্পন্ন]

- ⇒ = large in capacity.
- ⇒ A capacious memory.
- ⇒ Capaciousness (n.)

Carnal (adj.) [দৈহিক]

- ⇒ = of or relating to the body or flesh.
- ⇒ Carnal desire [কামাসক্তি]
- ⇒ Carnally (adv.)

Catholic (adj.) [উদার, সাধারণ, সর্বগ্রাহী, সর্বজনীন]

- ⇒ = free from provincial prejudices or attachments.
- ⇒ A man with catholic tastes.
- ⇒ Catholicity (n.)

Caustic (adj.) [ক্ষারীয়]

- ⇒ = burning, sarcastically [শ্লেষাত্মকভাবে] biting.
- ⇒ The critic's caustic remarks angered the helpless actors who were the subjects of his sarcasm.

Chaff (v.) [ঠাট্টা করা, তামাশা করা, (খড়) কাটা]

- ⇒ = be silly or tease one another.

Champion (v.) [সমর্থন করা, রক্ষা করা]

- ⇒ = support militantly.
- ⇒ He has always championed for human rights.

Chivalry (n.)

- ⇒ = courtesy towards women.
- ⇒ Chivalrous (adj.) [সৌজন্যময়, শালীন]
- ⇒ = polite, kind and behaving with honor (especially towards women).
- ⇒ Chivalrous behavior involves noble words and good deeds.

Clandestine (adj.) [গুপ্ত]

- ⇒ = secret.
- ⇒ After avoiding their chaperon [অভিভাবকের দায়িত্বপ্রাপ্ত], the lovers had a clandestine meeting.

Clement (adj.) [ক্ষমাশীল, মৃদু]

- ⇒ = (1) inclined to show mercy (2) (of weather or climate) physically mild.
- ⇒ It's very clement for the time of year.
- ⇒ Clemency (n.)
- ⇒ Inclement (adj.) [কঠোর, রক্ষ, নির্মম, ঠান্ডা ও ঝোড়ো]
- ⇒ (1) (of weather or climate) physically severe (2) showing no clemency or mercy (person).
- ⇒ Inclemency (n.)

Coalesce (v.) [মিলিত হওয়া]

- ⇒ = mix together different elements.
- ⇒ Our plans for a long trip finally coalesced when we mapped out exactly where to go.
- ⇒ Coalescence (n.)

Coddle (v.) [অত্যাধিক আদরযত্নে লালন-পালন করা]

- ⇒ = treat with excessive indulgence.
- ⇒ He accused his wife of coddling their son.

Commodious (adj.) [স্থানবহুল, প্রশস্ত]

⇒ = large and roomy.

Complacence (n.) [আত্মপ্রসাদ, পরিতৃপ্তি]

⇒ = the feeling you have when you are satisfied with yourself.

⇒ Complacency (n.)

⇒ Complacent (adj.) [আত্মতুষ্ট]

⇒ We can't afford to become complacent about any of our products.

⇒ Complacently (adv.)

Complaisance (n.) [অপরকে সন্তুষ্ট করার আগ্রহ/ইচ্ছা, পরম সৌজন্য]

⇒ = a disposition or tendency to yield to the will of others.

⇒ Complaisant (adj.) [সৌজন্যপূর্ণ]

Confer (v.) [মন্ত্রণা বা পরামর্শ করা]

⇒ = have a conference in order to talk something over.

⇒ I should like some time to confer with my lawyer.

Confiscate (v.) [বাজেয়াপ্ত করা]

⇒ = take temporary possession of as a security, by legal authority.

⇒ His passport was confiscated by the police to prevent him from leaving the country.

⇒ Confiscation (n.)

⇒ There were a record number of confiscations by customs officers last year.

Conscript (v.) [জোর করে কাউকে সেনাবাহিনীতে ভর্তি করা]

⇒ = enroll into service compulsorily.

⇒ He was conscripted into the army at the age of 18.

⇒ Conscription (n.)

⇒ He's been worried that the government will introduce conscription ever since the war began.

Contemplate (v.) [গভীরভাবে চিন্তা করা]

⇒ She was contemplating herself in the mirror.

⇒ She was contemplating a visit to India. [পরিকল্পনা করা]

⇒ I do not contemplate any opposition from him. [প্রত্যাশা করা]

Convene (v.) [সভা আহ্বান করা]

⇒ = meet formally.

Convolute (v.)

⇒ = curl, wind, or twist together.

⇒ Convoluted (adj.) [জটপাকানো, কুন্ডলীকৃত, মোচড়ানো, জটিল এবং দুরূহ]

⇒ A convoluted argument.

Corsage (n.)

⇒ = an arrangement of flowers that is usually given as a present.

Covet (v.) [প্রবলভাবে কামনা করা, পরের ধনে লোভ-লালসা করা]

⇒ = wish, long, or crave for (something, especially the property of another person).

⇒ Covetous (adj.) [পর-ধন লোলুপ]

⇒ Covetously (adv.)

⇒ Covetousness (n.)

Crepuscular (adj.) [গোধূলিকালীন]

⇒ = relating to twilight.

Crevice (n.) [(পাহাড় বা দেয়ালের) ফাটল]

⇒ = a long narrow depression in a surface.

⇒ The harsh light revealed every crevice and wrinkle in his face.

⇒ Sweat poured out of every crevice of the fat man's body.

⇒ Crevasse (n.) [হিমবাহের তুষারের গভীর ফাটল]

Cumbrous (adj.)

⇒ = difficult to handle or use especially because of size or weight.

Dapple (v.)

⇒ = color with streaks or blotches of different shades.

⇒ Dappled deer [চিত্রহরিণ], A dappled horse [চিত্রঘোটক].

⇒ Dappled shade [বিচিত্র আলোছায়া].

Debacle (n.)

⇒ = a sudden and violent collapse, a sound defeat.

⇒ The collapse of the company was described as the greatest financial debacle in US history.

Debauch (v.) [নীতিভ্রষ্ট/দূষিত/নষ্ট/পাপাসক্ত করা]

- ⇒ = corrupt morally or by intemperance or sensuality.
- ⇒ Debauchery (n.) [অসংযম ও ভোগলালসা]
- ⇒ A life of debauchery.
- ⇒ Debauchee (n.) [পাপিষ্ঠ/লম্পট]
- ⇒ He gave a convincing stage performance as the unpleasant young debauchee.

Debilitate (v.) [দূর্বল করা]

- ⇒ = make weak.
- ⇒ A debilitating climate.
- ⇒ His health is debilitated from not getting enough good food.

Debunk (v.) [খোলসমুক্ত করা]

- ⇒ = to show that something is less important, less good or less true than it has been made to appear.
- ⇒ The writer's aim was to debunk the myth that had grown up around the actress.

Decadent (adj.) [ক্ষয়িষ্ণু]

- ⇒ = marked by excessive self-indulgence and moral decay.
- ⇒ A decadent society.
- ⇒ Humorous champagne and chocolates for breakfast - how decadent!
- ⇒ Decadence (n.) [অধঃপতন, অবক্ষয়]

Decant (v.) [বোতল থেকে মদ অন্য পাত্রে এমনভাবে ঢালা যাতে তলানিতে নাড়া না লাগে]

- ⇒ = pour out.
- ⇒ Decanter (n.)

Decapitate (v.) [শিরোচ্ছেদ করা]

- ⇒ = cut the head of.
- ⇒ The guillotine decapitated French King Louis XVI.

Declivity (n.) [ঢাল]

- ⇒ = a downward slope or bend.

Deference (n.) [শ্রদ্ধা, অন্যের ইচ্ছার কাছে নতি স্বীকার]

- ⇒ = courteous regard for another's wish.
- ⇒ To treat sb with deference.
- ⇒ To show deference to a teacher.
- ⇒ In deference to [শ্রদ্ধাবশত]
- ⇒ Deferential (adj.) [শ্রদ্ধাপূর্ণ]
- ⇒ = respectful, showing deference.

- ⇒ 'The Deferential Spirit' By Joan Didion.

Deflate (v.) [বায়ু/গ্যাস নিষ্কাশন করে ছোট করা, দর্পচূর্ণ করা, মুদ্রাস্ফীতি হ্রাস করা]

- ⇒ = collapse by releasing contained air or gas.
⇒ To deflate a balloon/tyre.
⇒ They were totally deflated by losing the match.
⇒ Deflation (n.)

Delectable (adj.) [আনন্দদায়ক, সুখকর, মনোহর]

- ⇒ = extremely pleasant to taste, smell or look at.
⇒ The delectable Miss Haynes.
⇒ Delectation (n.) [আমোদ, বিনোদন]

Demean (v.) [ছোট/হীন করা, মর্যাদা লাঘব করা]

- ⇒ = reduce in worth or character, usually verbally.
⇒ Demean oneself.

Dement (v.)

- ⇒ = to deprive of reason, to make mad.
⇒ Demented (adj.) [মতিভ্রষ্ট, পাগল]
⇒ She was nearly demented with worry when her son didn't come home.
⇒ Dementia (n.)
⇒ = mental deterioration of organic or functional origin.

Demur (v.) [আপত্তি উত্থাপন করা, আশঙ্কা প্রকাশ করা]

- ⇒ = raise objections, show reluctance.
⇒ The lawyer requested a break in the court case, but the judge demurred.
⇒ Without demur [নির্দিধায়]

Demure (adj.) [প্রসন্ন]

- ⇒ = affectedly modest or shy especially in a playful or provocative way.
⇒ A demure old gentleman.
⇒ She gave the young man a demure smile.
⇒ Demurely (adv.)
⇒ She sat with her hands folded demurely in her lap.
⇒ Demureness (n.)

Denounce (v.) [জনসমক্ষে অভিযোগ করা, ফাঁসিয়ে দেয়া]

- ⇒ = speak out against.

- ⇒ His former colleagues have denounced him as a spy.
- ⇒ We must denounce injustice and oppression.
- ⇒ Denunciation (n.)

Deprecate (v.) [অনুমোদন না করা]

- ⇒ = (1) belittle (2) express strong disapproval of.
- ⇒ The teacher should not deprecate his student's efforts.
- ⇒ We deprecate this use of company funds for political purposes.

Derogate (v.) [(কর্তৃত্ব, মর্যাদা, অধিকার) খর্ব করা]

- ⇒ = belittle.
- ⇒ Derogation (n.)
- ⇒ Derogatory (adj.) [অবমাননাকর]
- ⇒ He considered the remarks derogatory to his reputation.

Desuetude (n.)

- ⇒ = a state of inactivity or disuse.
- ⇒ Fall into desuetude. [অচল হয়ে যাওয়া]
- ⇒ Words that have fallen into desuetude are not included in this dictionary.

Deter (v.) [নিরুৎসাহিত করা, বাধা দেয়া]

- ⇒ = try to prevent, show opposition to.
- ⇒ Nothing can deter me from trying again.
- ⇒ Deterrence (n.) [বাধা]
- ⇒ Deterrent (n.) [নিরোধক]
- ⇒ Do you think that capital punishment is a deterrent to crimes?

Devious (adj.) [ঘোরানো, অসরল, চাতুর্যপূর্ণ]

- ⇒ = indirect in departing from the accepted or proper way; misleading.
- ⇒ We took a devious route to avoid the busy market place.
- ⇒ Some people use devious means to get rich quickly.

Diatribes (n.) [তীব্র ও তীক্ষ্ণ ভাষায় ভৎসনা, প্রচণ্ড নিন্দামূলক বক্তৃতা]

- ⇒ = thunderous verbal attack.
- ⇒ The politician launched into a diatribe against the government policy.

Digress (v.) [লেখায় বা ভাষণে মূল প্রসঙ্গ থেকে চ্যুত হওয়া]

- ⇒ = wander from a direct or straight course.
- ⇒ The lecturer temporarily digressed from her subject to deal with a related theory.
- ⇒ Digression (n.)

Dilate (v.) [প্রসারিত হওয়া/করা]

- ⇒ = become wider.
- ⇒ The pupils of the eyes dilate as darkness increases.
- ⇒ Dilate upon [কোন বিষয়ে সামগ্রিকভাবে বলা/লেখা]
- ⇒ Dilation (n.) [বিস্তারণ, প্রসারণ]
- ⇒ Dilatory (adj.) [দীর্ঘসূত্রী, শ্লথগতিসম্পন্ন]

Diminish (v.) [হ্রাস করা, হ্রাসপ্রাপ্ত হওয়া]

- ⇒ = decrease in size, extent, or range.
- ⇒ Diminution (n.) [হ্রাস, হ্রাসপ্রাপ্তি, হ্রাসকৃত পরিমাণ]
- ⇒ Diminutive (adj.) [অতিক্ষুদ্র]

Disburse (v.) [প্রাপ্য অর্থ প্রদান করা]

- ⇒ = pay out.
- ⇒ The local authorities annually disburse between £50m and £100m on arts projects.
- ⇒ Disbursement (n.) [অর্থপ্রদান]

Discursive (adj.) [অবাস্তব]

- ⇒ = digressing.
- ⇒ Discursively (adv.)
- ⇒ Discursiveness (n.)

Inter (v.) [সমাহিত করা]

- ⇒ = place in a grave or tomb.
- ⇒ Disinter (v.) [কবর থেকে তোলা]
- ⇒ = dig up for reburial or for medical investigation; of dead bodies.
- ⇒ A gravedigger disinterred a body by court order.

Dismay (v.) [হতাশ/আতঙ্কিত করা]

- ⇒ = fill with apprehension or alarm; cause to be unpleasantly surprised.
- ⇒ Dismay (n.)
- ⇒ Dismayed (adj.)
- ⇒ I was dismayed to discover that he lied.

Disport (v.) [খেলা করা, আনন্দ লাভ করা]

- ⇒ = (1) occupy in an agreeable, entertaining or pleasant fashion (2) play boisterously.
- ⇒ Disport oneself.

Dissemble (v.) [ছদ্মবেশ ধারণ করা, আসল মনোভাব গোপন করা]

- ⇒ = to hide your real intentions and feelings or the facts.
- ⇒ He accused the government of dissembling.
- ⇒ Dissembler (n.)

Disseminate (v.) [ধারণা বা তত্ত্ব প্রচার করা]

- ⇒ = cause to become widely known.
- ⇒ Dissemination (n.)
- ⇒ Setting up an efficient system for the dissemination of flood warning.

Dissipate (v.) [দূর করা, অপচয় করা]

- ⇒ = (1) move away from each other (2) spend frivolously and unwisely.
- ⇒ Don't dissipate your energy in worthless pursuits.
- ⇒ Dissipated (adj.) [অর্থহীন/ক্ষতিকর আমোদ প্রমোদে লিপ্ত]
- ⇒ He leads a dissipated life.
- ⇒ Dissipation (n.)
- ⇒ A life of dissipation.

Dissolute (adj.) [অনৈতিক জীবনযাপনকারী, চরিত্রহীন]

- ⇒ = unrestrained by convention or morality.
- ⇒ He leads a dissolute life.
- ⇒ Dissolutely (v.)
- ⇒ Dissolution (n.)
- ⇒ = dissolute indulgence in sensual pleasure.

Dither (v.) [ইতস্তত করা]

- ⇒ = be undecided.
- ⇒ Dither (n.)
- ⇒ He is in a dither.

Vest (v.) [(ক্ষমতা ইত্যাদিতে) ভূষিত করা, ক্ষমতা অর্পণ/ন্যস্ত করা]

- ⇒ = Provide with power and authority.
- ⇒ Vestuary (n) [গীর্জাসংলগ্ন পোষাক ঘর]
- ⇒ Vestry (n.) [গীর্জাসংলগ্ন পোষাক ঘর]
- ⇒ Vestibule (n.) [কোন ভবনের লবি (যেখানে হ্যাট-কোট খুলে রাখা যেতে পারে)]

- ⇒ Vestment (n.) [গীর্জায় পরিহিত পুরোহিতের পোষাক]
- ⇒ Divest (v.) [পোষাক খুলে নেয়া, ক্ষমতা কেড়ে নেয়া, পরিহার/পরিত্যাগ করা]
- ⇒ = take away possessions/investment from someone.
- ⇒ The priest was divested of his robes.
- ⇒ The ruler was divested of all his powers.
- ⇒ He could not divest himself of the idea of marriage.

Doctrine (n.) [মতবাদ]

- ⇒ = a belief (or system of beliefs) accepted as authoritative by some group or school.
- ⇒ The Monroe Doctrine of 1823 says that no foreign power may create a colony on the American continents.
- ⇒ Doctrinaire (adj.)
- ⇒ Doctrinal (adj.)

Droll (adj.) [হাস্যকর, মজাদার]

- ⇒ = amusing, especially in an unusual way.
- ⇒ Drollery (n.) [ভাঁড়ামি, তামাশা]
- ⇒ A droll remark/expression/person.

Ebullient (adj.) [উচ্ছসিত]

- ⇒ = joyously unrestrained.
- ⇒ The overall atmosphere suffered: it was friendly and polite but quite noticeably not as ebullient as in Germany two years ago.
- ⇒ Ebullience (n.) [উচ্ছ্বাস]

Egalitarian (n.)

- ⇒ = a person who believes in the equality of all people.
- ⇒ Egalitarian (adj.)
- ⇒ The party's principles are basically egalitarian.
- ⇒ Egalitarianism (n.)

Egress (n.) [বহির্গমনের অধিকার, প্রস্থান]

- ⇒ = the action of going out of or leaving a place.

Embark (v.) [জাহাজে করে যাত্রা করা]

- ⇒ Embark (v.) [শুরু করা, অংশগ্রহণ করা]
- ⇒ We embarked at Liverpool for New York.

- ⇒ Embarkation (n.)
- ⇒ You'll be asked for those documents on embarkation.

Encompass (v.) [চতুর্দিক ঘিরে ফেলা]

- ⇒ = to include, especially a variety of things.
- ⇒ The festival is to encompass everything from music, theatre and ballet to literature, cinema and the visual arts.

Encumber (v.) [পথরোধ করা, ব্যাহত করা, ঋণগ্রস্ত হওয়া, পূর্ণ হওয়া]

- ⇒ = hold back.
- ⇒ A country encumbered with debts.
- ⇒ A room encumbered with useless books.
- ⇒ Encumbrance (n.) [বাধা, বোঝা, দায়]
- ⇒ Cumbersome (adj.) [ঝামেলাপূর্ণ, কষ্টসাধ্য]

Engender (v.) [কারণ স্বরূপ হওয়া]

- ⇒ = (1) call forth (2) make children
- ⇒ Poverty often engenders disease.

Entrench (v.) [দৃঢ়ভাবে স্থাপন করা]

- ⇒ = fix firmly or securely, infringe.
- ⇒ The owner's son entrenched himself in a job given him by his father.
- ⇒ Entrenched (adj.)
- ⇒ Entrenchment (n.)
- ⇒ There has been a shift in opinion on the issue after a decade of entrenchment.

Equanimity (n.) [মন-মেজাজের প্রশান্তি]

- ⇒ = steadiness of mind under stress.
- ⇒ Three years after the tragedy she has only just begun to regain her equanimity.

Estrange (v.) [বিচ্ছেদ ডেকে আনা, বিচ্ছিন্ন করা, পর করা]

- ⇒ = arouse hostility or indifference in where there had formerly been love, affection, or friendliness.
- ⇒ His behavior estranged all his relatives.
- ⇒ Estrangement (n.)

Eulogy (n.) [উচ্চপ্রশংসা]

- ⇒ = a formal expression of praise.
- ⇒ The song was a eulogy to the joys of travelling.
- ⇒ Eulogist (n.)
- ⇒ Eulogistic (adj.)
- ⇒ Eulogize (v.)
- ⇒ Critics everywhere have eulogized her new novel.

Evict (v.) [আইন বলে উচ্ছেদ করা]

- ⇒ = expel from one's property or force to move out by a legal process.
- ⇒ He was evicted from his house.
- ⇒ Eviction (n.)

Evince (v.) [আন্তরিকতা, গুণাবলি ইত্যাদি আছে প্রমাণ করা, প্রকাশ করা]

- ⇒ = give expression to, to make obvious or show clearly.
- ⇒ Assistant professor Dr. Shariful Islam evinced with histories and databases the SIDR effects in Bangladesh.
- ⇒ In all the years I knew her, she never evinced any desire to do such a thing.

Eviscerate (n.) [নাড়িভুড়ি বের করে ফেলা]

- ⇒ = surgically remove a part of a structure or an organ.

Viscera (n.) [নাড়িভুড়ি]

- ⇒ = internal organs collectively (especially those in the abdominal cavity).
- ⇒ Eviscerate (v.)
- ⇒ = surgically remove a part of a structure or an organ.

Exacerbate (v.) [আরো খারাপের দিকে নিয়ে যাওয়া, উত্তেজিত করা]

- ⇒ = make worse.
- ⇒ ~ exacerbated by human activities.
- ⇒ This attack will exacerbate the already tense relations between the two communities.

Exaggerate (v.) [অতিরঞ্জিত করা]

- ⇒ = do something to an excessive degree.
- ⇒ I'm not exaggerating - it was the worst meal I've ever eaten in my life.
- ⇒ Exaggerated (adj.)
- ⇒ Exaggeratedly (adv.)

- ⇒ Exaggeration (n.)
- ⇒ It would be no exaggeration to say that her work has saved lives.

Excise (v.) [কেটে ফেলা]

- ⇒ = remove by cutting.
- ⇒ The official censors have excised the controversial sections of the report.
- ⇒ Excision (n.) [কর্তন/কর্তিত বস্তু]
- ⇒ Excise (n.)
- ⇒ = a government tax on some goods.

Execrate (v.) [অভিশাপ দেয়া]

- ⇒ = curse or declare to be evil or anathema or threaten with divine punishment.
- ⇒ Execration (n.) [অভিসম্পাত]
- ⇒ Execrable (adj.) [খুব খারাপ, জঘন্য]

Exhume (v.) [কবর থেকে তুলে আনা]

- ⇒ = dig up for reburial or for medical investigation; of dead bodies.
- ⇒ Exhumation (n.)

Exigent (adj.) [জরুরি]

- ⇒ = needing urgent attention.
- ⇒ An exigent problem.
- ⇒ Exigency (n.)

Exorbitant (adj.) [অত্যাধিক, মাত্রাতিরিক্ত]

- ⇒ = (of an amount charged) unreasonably high.
- ⇒ During the chilly shortage, many stores charged exorbitant prices for it.
- ⇒ Exorbitantly (adv.)
- ⇒ Exorbitance (n.)

Exotic (adj.) [বহিরাগত, উদ্ভট]

- ⇒ = strikingly strange or unusual.
- ⇒ Exotic flowers/food/designs.
- ⇒ Exoticism (n.)

Expiate (v.)

- ⇒ = to show regret for bad behavior by doing something to express that you are sorry and by accepting punishment.
- ⇒ To expiate a crime/sin
- ⇒ Expiation (n.) [= compensation for a wrong]

Extenuate (v.) [কৈফিয়ত প্রদানের মাধ্যমে অপরাধের গুরুত্ব হ্রাস করা]

- ⇒ = lessen or to try to lessen the seriousness or extent of.
- ⇒ He was unable to say anything that might have extenuated his behavior.
- ⇒ Extenuating (adj.)
- ⇒ She was found guilty of theft, but because of extenuating circumstances was not sent to prison.
- ⇒ Extenuation (n.)

Extradite (v.) [বিদেশে পলাতক আসামীকে সেই রাষ্ট্রের সরকারের কাছে অর্পণ করা যে রাষ্ট্রে সে দোষী সাব্যস্ত হয়েছে]

- ⇒ = to officially send back sb who has been accused or found guilty of a crime to the country where the crime was committed.
- ⇒ Extradition (n.)
- ⇒ For the reason I chose Panama, there is no extradition laws.

Facile (adj.) [সহজসাধ্য, সহজলব্ধ]

- ⇒ A facile victory/remark.
- ⇒ = expressing oneself readily, clearly, effectively.
- ⇒ Able to dazzle with his facile tongue.
- ⇒ Facilitate (v.)

Fatuous (adj.) [বোকা, জড়বুদ্ধি]

- ⇒ = complacently or inanely foolish.
- ⇒ A fatuous smile.
- ⇒ Fatuously (adv.)

Feisty (adj.)

- ⇒ = showing courage.
- ⇒ He launched a feisty attack on the government.

Feral (adj.) [বন্য, পোষ মানানো যায়নি এমন]

- ⇒ = wild and menacing.
- ⇒ Feral dogs/cats.

Ferret (v.) [খোঁজা]

- ⇒ = search busily.
- ⇒ I was just ferreting around in my drawer for my passport.
- ⇒ After a bit of ferreting, I managed to find his address.

Fervent (adj.) [তপ্ত, ঐকান্তিক]

- ⇒ Fervent love/hatred.
- ⇒ Fervently (adv.)
- ⇒ Fervency (n.)
- ⇒ Fervid (adj.) [উদ্দীপ্ত, ঐকান্তিক]
- ⇒ Fervidly (adv.)
- ⇒ Fervor (n.) [অনুভূতির উত্তাপ/শক্তিমত্তা, ঐকান্তিকতা]

Fester (v.) [পুঁজপূর্ণ করা, পচা, পচানো, সম্পর্কাদি তিক্ত করা]

- ⇒ = ripen and generate pus.
- ⇒ Keep the cut out of dirt, otherwise it will fester.
- ⇒ The insult festered in his mind.

Fettle (n.) [উত্তম অবস্থায়, চমৎকার ফুরফুরে মেজাজে]

- ⇒ = a state of fitness and good health.
- ⇒ "How was Jane?" "Oh, she was in fine fettle."

Fib (v.) [গুল মারা, মিথ্যা বলা]

- ⇒ = tell a relatively insignificant lie.
- ⇒ I can tell he's fibbing because he's smiling!
- ⇒ Fib (n.)
- ⇒ Don't believe him - he's telling fibs again.
- ⇒ Fibber (n.)

Finesse (v.)

- ⇒ = avoid or try to avoid fulfilling, answering, or performing (duties, questions, or issues).
- ⇒ She finessed the interview by playing down her lack of experience and talking about her long-standing interest in the field.
- ⇒ Finesse (n.) [কোন পরিস্থিতি সুকৌশলে মোকাবেলা করার পদ্ধতি]
- ⇒ = great skill or style.
- ⇒ It was a disappointing performance which lacked finesse.

Fitful (adj.) [থেকে থেকে ঘটে এমন, দমকা]

- ⇒ = Intermittently stopping and starting, occurring irregularly.
- ⇒ A few hours fitful sleep, A fitful breeze.
- ⇒ Fitfully (adv.)

Fledgling (n.) [মাত্র উড়তে শিখেছে এমন পাখি, তরুণ অনভিজ্ঞ ব্যক্তি]

- ⇒ Fledged (adj.) [উড়তে সক্ষম]
- ⇒ Fully fledged [অভিজ্ঞ ও প্রশিক্ষণপ্রাপ্ত]
- ⇒ A fully fledged doctor.

Flippant (adj.) [ধৃষ্টতাপূর্ণ, ফিচেল]

- ⇒ = showing inappropriate levity [চপলতা]
- ⇒ A flippant answer/remark.
- ⇒ Flippantly (adv.) [ফাজিলের মত]
- ⇒ Flippancy (n.) [চপলতা, ফাজলামি]

Formidable (adj.) [ভয়ঙ্কর]

- ⇒ = extremely impressive in strength or excellence.
- ⇒ A formidable adversary/enemy/opponent.
- ⇒ Formidably (adv.)

Fortuitous (adj.) [আকস্মিক, দৈবিক]

- ⇒ = occurring by happy chance.
- ⇒ A fortuitous meeting.
- ⇒ Fortuitously (adv.)

Genial (adj.) [সদয়, মিশুক]

- ⇒ = friendly and cheerful.
- ⇒ When the couple gives a party, they are always genial hosts.
- ⇒ Florida has a genial climate.

Genuflect (v.) [নতজানু হওয়া]

- ⇒ = bend the knees and bow in a servile manner.
- ⇒ Genuflection/Genuflexion (n.)

Girth (n.) [বেলনাকার বস্তুর ঘেরের মাপ]

- ⇒ = the measure around anything.
- ⇒ The oak was 2 meters in girth.
- ⇒ My girth [আমার কোমরের মাপ]
- ⇒ Girth (v.) [to girdle, encircle]

Glut (v.) [অত্যাধিক সরবরাহ দ্বারা ছেঁয়ে ফেলা, অতিরিক্ত খাওয়া]

- ⇒ = overeat or eat immodestly.
- ⇒ Glut a market with foreign goods.
- ⇒ Glut (n.)
- ⇒ The current glut of graduates means that many of them will not be able to find jobs.
- ⇒ Glutton (n.)
- ⇒ = a person who regularly eats and drinks more than is needed.

- ⇒ Gluttonous (adj.)
- ⇒ She said that industrialized countries should reduce their gluttonous consumption of oil.
- ⇒ Gluttonously (adv.)
- ⇒ Gluttony (n.) [অতিভোজন]
- ⇒ They treat Christmas as just another excuse for gluttony.

Grate (v.) [ঘষে গুঁড়া উঠিয়ে ফেলা]

- ⇒ = reduce to small shreds or pulverize by rubbing against a rough or sharp perforated surface.
- ⇒ Grate (n.)

Gratis (adj.) [বিনামূল্যে, মাগনা]

- ⇒ = costing nothing.
- ⇒ I'll give it to you, gratis!

Gulp (v.) [গলাধঃকরণ করা, গবগব/ঢকঢক করে গেলা]

- ⇒ = gulp down a glass of water.
- ⇒ Gulp (n.)
- ⇒ He emptied the glass at one gulp.

Hallow (v.) [পবিত্র করা, পবিত্র বলে গণ্য করা]

- ⇒ = render holy by means of religious rites.
- ⇒ A land hallowed by the memories of great saints.

Headlong (adv. /adj.) [অধোমুখে, হঠকারিতা করে, হঠকারী]

- ⇒ = (1) with great speed or without thinking (2) with the head foremost.
- ⇒ Fall headlong.
- ⇒ Rush headlong into danger.
- ⇒ A headlong decision.
- ⇒ In the headlong rush to buy houses, many people got into debt.

Headstrong (adj.) [গোঁয়ার, একরোখা]

- ⇒ = habitually disposed to disobedience and opposition.
- ⇒ She was a headstrong child, always getting into trouble.

Hearten (v.) [উৎসাহ দেয়া]

- ⇒ = give encouragement to.
- ⇒ Anti-government protesters have been heartened by recent government promises of free and fair elections.
- ⇒ Heartened (adj.)

- ⇒ We all felt heartened by the news.
- ⇒ Heartening (adj.)
- ⇒ It was heartening to see so many people at the rally.

Hedonism (n.) [সুখ বা প্রীতিই পরমার্থ এই বিশ্বাস]

- ⇒ = the pursuit of pleasure as a matter of ethical principle.
- ⇒ Hedonist (n.)
- ⇒ Hedonistic (adj.)
- ⇒ Hedonic (adj.)
- ⇒ = devoted to pleasure.
- ⇒ A hedonic thrill.

Hefty (adj.) [ভাগড়া]

- ⇒ = possessing physical strength and weight.
- ⇒ A hefty farm worker.

Hegemony (n.) [কতগুলি রাষ্ট্রের মধ্যে একটি রাষ্ট্রের কর্তৃত্ব, প্রভুত্ব]

- ⇒ = the domination of one state over its allies.
- ⇒ The three nations competed for regional hegemony.
- ⇒ Hegemonic (adj.)

Helm (n.) [কান্ডারী]

- ⇒ = a position of leadership.
- ⇒ Who was at the helm when the collision occurred?

Heterodox (adj.) [ভিন্নমতাবলম্বী, বৈধর্মিক]

- ⇒ = characterized by departure from accepted beliefs or standards.
- ⇒ His opinions have always been distinctly heterodox.
- ⇒ Heterodoxy (n.)

Hoarse (adj.) [কর্কশ]

- ⇒ = deep and harsh sounding as if from shouting or illness or emotion.
- ⇒ Hoarsely (adv.)
- ⇒ Hoarseness (n.)

Hoary (adj.) [সুপ্রাচীন]

- ⇒ = ancient.
- ⇒ He told a few hoary old jokes and nobody laughed.
- ⇒ Hoariness (n.)

Hoax (n.) [ধোঁকা]

- ⇒ = deliberate trickery intended to gain an advantage.
- ⇒ The bomb threat turned out to be a hoax.
- ⇒ Hoax (v.)
- ⇒ = subject to a playful hoax or joke.
- ⇒ Hoaxer (n.)

Hoist (v.) [উত্তোলন করা]

- ⇒ = raise or haul up with or as if with mechanical help.
- ⇒ With some difficulty he hoisted her onto his shoulders.
- ⇒ Hoist (n.)

Holistic (adj.)

- ⇒ = dealing with or treating the whole of something or someone and not just a part.
- ⇒ My doctor takes a holistic approach to disease.
- ⇒ Holistically (adv.)
- ⇒ Holism (n.)

Hone (n.) [শান (পাথর)]

- ⇒ = make perfect or complete.
- ⇒ Hone (v.) [শান দেয়া]
- ⇒ The bone had been honed to a point.

Hortatory/Hortative (adj.) [উপদেশক, প্রবোধক]

- ⇒ = giving strong encouragement.
- ⇒ Exhort (v.) [বিশেষভাবে উপদেশ দেয়া বা উদ্বুদ্ধ করা, সনির্বন্ধ অনুরোধ করা]
- ⇒ Exhortation (n.)
- ⇒ Make sure that my exhortations hold for Civil/Environmental as well.

Hospitable (adj.) [অতিথিপরায়ণ]

- ⇒ = disposed to treat guests and strangers with cordiality and generosity.
- ⇒ The villagers were very hospitable to/towards anyone who passed through.
- ⇒ Hospitably (adv.)
- ⇒ Hospitality (n.) [আতিথেয়তা]

Husbandry (n.) [কৃষিকর্ম, ব্যবস্থাপনা]

- ⇒ = (1) frugal management (2) farming.
- ⇒ Animal husbandry, Good/Bad husbandry.

Idiosyncrasy (n.) [স্বভাব বৈশিষ্ট্য]

- ⇒ = a behavioral attribute that is distinctive and peculiar to an individual.
- ⇒ One of the idiosyncrasies of this printer is that you can't stop it once it has started to print.
- ⇒ Idiosyncratic (adj.)
- ⇒ The film, 3 hours long, is directed in his usual idiosyncratic style.

Ignominious (adj.) [অপমানকর, কলঙ্কজনক]

- ⇒ = (used of conduct or character) deserving or bringing disgrace or shame.
- ⇒ An ignominious defeat/failure/retreat.
- ⇒ Ignominiously (adv.)
- ⇒ Ignominy (n.) [অপমান, কলঙ্ক]
- ⇒ = a state of dishonor.
- ⇒ The Workers' Coalition experienced the ignominy of total defeat in the last election.

Implement (n.) [হাতিয়ার, অস্ত্র]

- ⇒ = a piece of equipment or tool used to effect an end.
- ⇒ Implement (v.) [কার্যে পরিণত করা]

Impresario (n.) [প্রযোজক]

- ⇒ = a person who organizes theatrical or musical productions.
- ⇒ London's leading theatrical impresario.

Inception (n.) [আরম্ভ, শুরু]

- ⇒ = an event that is a beginning.
- ⇒ Since its inception in 1968, the company has been at the forefront of computer development.

Incise (v.) [ছেদন/বিচ্ছিন্ন করা]

- ⇒ Incision (n.) [ছেদন, কর্তন]
- ⇒ Incisive (adj.) [তীক্ষ্ণ]
- ⇒ Incisive criticism.
- ⇒ Incisively (adv.)
- ⇒ Incisor (n.) [ছেদকদন্ত]

Decorous (adj.) [বিনয়ী, নম্র, শোভন]

- ⇒ = characterized by propriety and dignity and good taste in manners and conduct.
- ⇒ Decorously (adv.)
- ⇒ Decorum (adj.) [শিষ্টতা, ঔচিত্য, ভব্যতা]

- ⇒ Even the best-mannered students have trouble behaving with decorum on the last day of school.
- ⇒ Indecorous (adj.) [অমার্জিত, কুরুচিপূর্ণ]
- ⇒ = lacking propriety and good taste in manners and conduct, behaving badly or rudely.
- ⇒ Indecorously (adv.)
- ⇒ Indecorum (n.) [অসভ্যতা, অশিষ্টাচার]

Indisposed (adj.) [অসুস্থ, বিমুখ]

- ⇒ = slightly unwell, unwilling.
- ⇒ Look, I am not indisposed to help you.

Inebriate (v.) [মাতাল করা]

- ⇒ = make/become drunk.
- ⇒ Inebriate (n., adj.)
- ⇒ An institution for inebriates.
- ⇒ Inebriety (n.)
- ⇒ Inebriation (n.) [মাতলামি]

Ineffable (adj.) [অনির্বচনীয়, অবর্ণনীয়]

- ⇒ = cannot be expressed in speech.
- ⇒ Ineffable joy/beauty.
- ⇒ Ineffably (adv.)

Ineluctable (adj.) [এড়ানো যায়না এমন, অপরিহার্য]

- ⇒ = impossible to avoid or evade, irresistible.
- ⇒ An ineluctable destiny.

Inept (adj.) [অপটু, অযোগ্য, অসময়োচিত]

- ⇒ = not elegant or graceful in expression, generally incompetent and ineffectual.
- ⇒ Inept remarks.
- ⇒ Ineptly (adv.)
- ⇒ Ineptitude (n.) [অপটুতা, অযুক্ততা]

Inerrant (adj.)

- ⇒ = not liable to error.
- ⇒ The Church was theoretically inerrant and omniscient.

Inordinate (adj.) [অসংযত, অপরিসীম]

- ⇒ = beyond normal limits.
- ⇒ Inordinate passions/demands.
- ⇒ Inordinately (adv.)

Insentient (adj.) [অচেতন, জড়]

- ⇒ = devoid of feeling and consciousness and animation.
- ⇒ Insentient stone.

Insinuate (v.) [ধীরে ধীরে সুকৌশলে প্রবেশ করাকরানো/]

- ⇒ = give to understand.
- ⇒ I insinuated that I did not like his wife.
- ⇒ Insinuate oneself into a person's favor
[ধীরে ধীরে সুকৌশলে কারো অনুগ্রহভাজন হওয়া]
- ⇒ Insinuate that [কটাক্ষ করা]
- ⇒ Insinuation (n.)

Invade (v.) [হামলা করা]

- ⇒ = to intrude upon, infringe, encroach on, violate.
- ⇒ Concentrations of troops near the border look set to invade within the next few days.
- ⇒ Invader (n.)
- ⇒ Invasion (n.)
- ⇒ They were planning to mount an invasion of the north of the country.
- ⇒ Invasive (adj.)
- ⇒ An invasive disease.

Involuntary (adj.) [উদ্দেশ্যমূলকভাবে করা নয়, অনভিপ্রেত]

- ⇒ = not subject to the control of the will.
- ⇒ Involuntarily (adv.)

Jar (v.) [পীড়া দেয়া, দিশেহারা করা]

- ⇒ The sound jars on my ears/nerves.
- ⇒ He was badly jarred by the news.
- ⇒ Jar with [গরমিল হওয়া, টক্কর লাগা]
- ⇒ Your views on the situation jars with mine.

Jaundice (n.)

- ⇒ = a sharp and bitter manner.
- ⇒ Jaundice (v.)
- ⇒ = distort adversely.
- ⇒ Jaundiced (adj.)
- ⇒ He has a jaundiced view toward popular music.

Jaunty (adj.) [আত্মবিশ্বাস ও আত্মতৃপ্তিসূচক]

- ⇒ = cheerful and pleased with life, lighthearted.
- ⇒ Wear one's hat at a jaunty angle.
[আত্মবিশ্বাসভরে লঘুচিত্তে কাত করে টুপি পরা]
- ⇒ Jauntily (adv.)
- ⇒ Jauntiness (n.)

Jeune (adj.) [নীরস, অতৃপ্তিকর, শুষ্ক, অমার্জিত]

- ⇒ = lacking interest or significance.
- ⇒ Jejunely (adv.)
- ⇒ Jejuneness (n.)

Jest (v.) [ভাঁড়ামি/ঠাট্টা/মজা করা]

- ⇒ One should not jest about serious matters.
- ⇒ Jest (n.)
- ⇒ In jest [মজার ছলে]
- ⇒ Jestings [ঠাট্টামূলক]
- ⇒ He made some jesting remarks about the project.
- ⇒ Jester (n.) [ভাঁড়]

Jocose (adj.) [রসিক]

- ⇒ Jocosely (adv.)
- ⇒ Jocosity (n.)

Jubilee (n.) [জয়ন্তী]

- ⇒ Silver Jubilee [২৫ বছর পূর্তি]
- ⇒ Golden Jubilee [৫০ বছর পূর্তি]
- ⇒ Diamond Jubilee [৬০ বছর পূর্তি]

Kernel (n.) [কোন বিষয়ের কেন্দ্রবিন্দু, মর্মস্থল]

- ⇒ = the choicest or most essential or most vital part of some idea or experience, a bit.
- ⇒ = there is not a kernel of truth in what she says.

Latitude (n.) [কর্ম, মত ইত্যাদির স্বাধীনতা]

- ⇒ = scope for freedom of e.g. action or thought; freedom from restriction.
- ⇒ An autocratic Govt. does not allow much latitude in political beliefs.

Limpid (adj.) [নির্মল, স্বচ্ছ]

- ⇒ Writes in a limpid style.
- ⇒ Limpidly (adv.)
- ⇒ Limpidity (n.)

Lionize (v.) [কাউকে বিখ্যাত ব্যক্তিরূপে গন্য করা]

- ⇒ = assign great social importance to.
- ⇒ Lionization (n.)

Listless (adj.) [হতোদ্যম]

- ⇒ = lacking zest or vivacity.
- ⇒ Listlessly (adv.) [নিরুৎসাহে]
- ⇒ Listlessness (n.) [অনীহা]

Loiter (v.) [ইতস্তত ঘুরে বেড়ানো]

- ⇒ = stand around without any obvious purpose.
- ⇒ A gang of youths were loitering outside the cinema.
- ⇒ Loiterer (n.) [ভবঘুরে]

Lukewarm (adj.) [কুসুম গরম, সমর্থন বা বিরোধিতায় কম আগ্রহী]

- ⇒ = feeling or showing little interest or enthusiasm.
- ⇒ Lukewarm friendship.
- ⇒ Lukewarmly (adv.)
- ⇒ Lukewarmness (n.)

Lurch (n.)

- ⇒ = an act or instance of swaying abruptly.
- ⇒ The truck gave a sudden lurch as it was hit by a strong gust of wind.
- ⇒ Lurch (v.) [একপাশে কাত হয়ে চলা]
- ⇒ The train lurched forward and some of the people standing fell over.
- ⇒ Leave sb in the lurch [কারো বিপদের সময়ে পরিত্যাগ]

Lurid (adj.) [গনগনে, রোমাঞ্চকর, ভয়ঙ্কর]

- ⇒ A lurid sky.
- ⇒ Luridly (adv.)
- ⇒ Luridness (n.)

Lusty (adj.) [স্বাস্থ্যবান]

- ⇒ = healthy; energetic; full of strength and power.
- ⇒ Lustily (adv.)
- ⇒ The baby cried lustily the moment he was born.
- ⇒ Lustiness (n.)

Malice (n.) [অন্যের ক্ষতি সাধনের ইচ্ছা]

- ⇒ = feeling a need to see others suffer.
- ⇒ There certainly wasn't any malice in her comments.
- ⇒ Malicious (adj.)
- ⇒ Maliciously (adv.)

Meddle (v.) [অনধিকারচর্চা করা]

- ⇒ = intrude in other people's affairs or business; interfere unwantedly.
- ⇒ People shouldn't meddle with things they don't understand.
- ⇒ Meddler (n.)
- ⇒ Meddlesome (adj.)

Melancholy (n.) [বিষাদ, হতাশা]

- ⇒ Melancholic (adj.) [বিষাদপূর্ণ]
- ⇒ = characterized by or causing or expressing sadness.
- ⇒ Melancholy (adj.)
- ⇒ Melancholy autumn days.

- ⇒ Melancholia (n.)
- ⇒ = the condition of feeling unhappy or sad for no obvious reason.

Mellifluous (adj.) [সুমধুর, সুললিত]

- ⇒ = having a pleasant and flowing sound.
- ⇒ A deep mellifluous voice.

Mendacity (n.) [মিথ্যা]

- ⇒ = the tendency to be untruthful.
- ⇒ Politicians are often accused of mendacity.
- ⇒ Mendacious (adj.)
- ⇒ Some of these statements are misleading and some downright mendacious.

Mere (adj.) [নিছক]

- ⇒ She is a mere child.
- ⇒ The merest [the smallest or slightest]
- ⇒ Merely (adv.) [শ্রেফ]
- ⇒ That was merely a joke.
- ⇒ Mere (n.) [পুকুর]
- ⇒ Meretricious (adj.) [দেখতে চটকদার কিন্তু মূল্যহীন]
- ⇒ = like or relating to a prostitute.
- ⇒ A meretricious style.
- ⇒ He claims that a lot of journalism is meretricious and superficial.
- ⇒ Meretriciously (adv.)
- ⇒ Meretriciousness (n.)
- ⇒ = seeming attractive but really false or of little value.

Mesmerize (v.) [সম্মোহিত করা]

- ⇒ = to have someone's attention completely so that they cannot think of anything else.
- ⇒ I was completely mesmerized by the performance.
- ⇒ Mesmerizing (adj.)
- ⇒ He had the most mesmerizing blue eyes.
- ⇒ Mesmeric (adj.)
- ⇒ = music with a repetitive, slightly mesmeric quality.

Mettle (n.) [তেজ, সাহস]

- ⇒ = the courage to carry on.
- ⇒ She takes the hardest courses that she can to test her mettle as a good student.
- ⇒ Be on one's mettle [তেজোদীপ্ত হওয়া]

- ⇒ Put sb on his mettle [যথাসাধ্য করার জন্য কাউকে উদ্দীপিত করা]
- ⇒ Mettlesome (adj.) [তেজস্বী, তেজোদীপ্ত]

Minion (n.) [গোলাম, দাসানুদাস]

- ⇒ = a servile or fawning dependant.
- ⇒ The minions of the law. [পুলিশ, কারারক্ষক]

Mire (n.) [কর্দম, কাদা]

- ⇒ Mire (v.) [কাদা মাখানো, পাঁকে আটকে যাওয়া, পাঁকে/বিপদে ফেলা]
- ⇒ = entrap.
- ⇒ Miry (adj.) [কর্দমাক্ত]
- ⇒ Miry road.

Mirth (n.) [আমোদ-আহ্লাদ, হাস্যকলরব]

- ⇒ = great merriment.
- ⇒ Mirthful (adj.)
- ⇒ Mirthfully (adv.)
- ⇒ Mirthless (adj.) [আনন্দহীন]
- ⇒ A mirthless laugh.

Miscible (v.) [মিশ্রণীয়]

- ⇒ = capable of mixing.
- ⇒ Miscibility (n.)

Misfeasance (n.) [বৈধ অধিকারের অবৈধ প্রয়োগ]

- ⇒ = doing a proper act in a wrongful or injurious manner.

Mislay (v.) [অস্থানে বা ভুল জায়গায় রাখা, রাখতে ভুল করা, হারিয়ে ফেলা]

- ⇒ = place (something) where one cannot find it again.
- ⇒ Could I borrow a pen? I seem to have mislaid mine.

Mode (adj.)

- ⇒ = to be fashionable at a particular time.
- ⇒ Miniskirts were very much the mode in the 60s.
- ⇒ Modish (adj.) [ফ্যাশনসম্মত, কেতাদুরস্ত]
- ⇒ = in the current fashion or style.
- ⇒ Modishly (adv.)

Moiety (n.) [দুই ভাগের একভাগ]

- ⇒ = one of two equal parts.

Molest (v.) [উত্যক্ত করা, নিগ্রহীত করা]

- ⇒ = annoy continually or chronically, to abuse sexually.

- ⇒ He molested children and was sent to jail for 30 years.
- ⇒ Molestation (n.) [নিগ্রহ]
- ⇒ Molester (n.)

Aural (adj.) [শ্রবণেন্দ্রিয়-সম্পর্কিত]

- ⇒ An aural surgeon.
- ⇒ Monaural (adj.) [এক কান সম্বন্ধী]
- ⇒ = relating to or having or hearing with only one ear.
- ⇒ Monaural deafness.

Morganatic (adj.)

- ⇒ = of marriages) of a marriage between one of royal or noble birth and one of lower rank; valid but with the understanding that the rank of the inferior remains unchanged and offspring do not succeed to titles or property of the superior.

Moribund (adj.) [মুমূর্ষু]

- ⇒ = being on the point of death.
- ⇒ How can the Trade Department be revived from its present moribund state?

Morose (adj.) [গোমড়া, খিটখিটে]

- ⇒ = showing a brooding ill humor.
- ⇒ A morose and unsociable manner.
- ⇒ Morosely (adv.)
- ⇒ Moroseness (n.)

Mortify (v.) [লজ্জা বা অপমানে মর্মান্বিত করা]

- ⇒ = (1) humiliate, lower in esteem (2) decay.
- ⇒ Mortified by one's rudeness.
- ⇒ A mortifying defeat.
- ⇒ Mortify the flesh. [কৃচ্ছসাধনা করা]
- ⇒ Mortification (n.) [পচন, চরম লজ্জা]

Multifaceted (adj.)

- ⇒ = having many aspects.
- ⇒ A multifaceted undertaking.

Narcissism (n.) [নিজের মধ্যে একান্ত অভিনিবিষ্টতা, আত্মকাম]

- ⇒ = an exceptional interest in and admiration for yourself.
- ⇒ Narcissistic (adj.)
- ⇒ Narcissist (n.)

Nascent (adj.) [জন্ম নিচ্ছে এমন, জায়মান]

- ⇒ = coming into existence.
- ⇒ Nascent oxygen.

Neologism (n.) [নতুন শব্দ রচনা বা প্রয়োগ]

- ⇒ = a newly invented word or phrase.

Noisome (adj.) [পীড়াদায়ক, কদর্য (গন্ধ সম্পর্কে)]

- ⇒ = offensively malodorous.
- ⇒ The rotting meat caused a noisome health hazard.

Nostrum (n.) [টোটকা (ঔষধ), রাজনৈতিক ও সামাজিক সংস্কার পরিকল্পনা]

- ⇒ = a remedy for all ills or diseases, a patent medicine whose efficacy is questionable.
- ⇒ Society's nostrums for social problems are often ineffective.

Nugatory (adj.) [তুচ্ছ, অকিঞ্চিৎকর, বাজে]

- ⇒ = of no real value, worthless, futile.
- ⇒ A nugatory amount.
- ⇒ Nugacity (n.)
- ⇒ = triviality, futility.

Obloquy (n.) [গণধিকার, নিন্দা]

- ⇒ = state of disgrace resulting from public abuse.
- ⇒ On this account he has already suffered much obloquy, and has much to encounter.

Obstreperous (adj.) [উচ্ছৃঙ্খল]

- ⇒ = boisterously and noisily aggressive.
- ⇒ Obstreperous children.
- ⇒ Obstreperously (adv.)
- ⇒ Obstreperousness (n.)

Obviate (v.) [ভারমুক্ত হওয়া, পরিত্রাণ পাওয়া]

- ⇒ = prevent from happening
- ⇒ = (1) remove/prevent (a need/difficulty) (2) make unnecessary
- ⇒ Obviate difficulties.

Occult (n.) [গুপ্ত, গূঢ়, ঐন্দ্রজালিক]

- ⇒ = supernatural forces and events and beings collectively.
- ⇒ She claims to have occult powers, given to her by some mysterious spirit.

Olfactory (adj.) [স্রাণসংক্রান্ত]

- ⇒ = related to the sense of smell.
- ⇒ The olfactory nerves.
- ⇒ People with a limited olfactory sense also often have a poor sense of taste.

Oppress (v.) [অন্যায়ভাবে/নিষ্ঠুরভাবে শাসন করা]

- ⇒ = to govern people in an unfair and cruel way and prevent them from having opportunities and freedom.
- ⇒ For years now, the people have been oppressed by a ruthless dictator.
- ⇒ Oppressed (adj.)
- ⇒ Oppression (n.)
- ⇒ Every human being has the right to freedom from oppression.
- ⇒ Oppressive (adj.)
- ⇒ Oppressively (adv.)
- ⇒ Oppressiveness (n.)
- ⇒ Oppressor (n.)
- ⇒ Sisters, we must rise up and defeat our oppressors.

Overbear (v.) [অভিভূত/পরাভূত করা]

- ⇒ = overcome.
- ⇒ Overbearing (adj.) [কর্তৃত্বপূর্ণ]
- ⇒ Overbearingly (adv.)

Overture (n.) [আলোচনার প্রস্তাব]

- ⇒ = an approach made to someone in order to offer something.
- ⇒ Neither side in the conflict seems willing to make peace overtures.

Paeon (n.) [বন্দনা গান, বিজয়-সঙ্গীত]

- ⇒ = a formal expression of praise.
- ⇒ The song is a paeon to solitude and independence.

Palisade (v.) [শক্ত খুঁটার বেড়া দিয়ে ঘিরে ফেলা বা সুরক্ষিত করা]

- ⇒ = surround with a wall in order to fortify.

Panacea (n.) [সর্বরোগের ঔষধ]

- ⇒ = hypothetical remedy for all ills or diseases.
- ⇒ Technology is not a panacea for all our problems.
- ⇒ Aspirin is considered a panacea for aches and pains.

Pander (v.) [সহায়তা বা উৎসাহ দান করা (কারো অভিলাষ-অভিরুচিতে), দূতগিরি করা (কারো যৌনলিপ্সা চরিতার্থের জন্য)]

- ⇒ = to do or provide exactly what a person or group wants, cater.
- ⇒ It's not good the way she panders to his every whim.
- ⇒ Pander (n.)
- ⇒ = someone who procures customers for whores.

Pantomime (n.) [নির্বাক অভিনয়]

- ⇒ = a performance using gestures and body movements without words.
- ⇒ It's an evening of music, drama and pantomime.

Penitence (n.) [কৃত অপরাধের জন্য অনুতাপ/প্রায়শ্চিত্ত]

- ⇒ Penitent (adj.) [কৃত অপরাধের জন্য অনুতপ্ত]
- ⇒ Penitential (adj.) [অনুতাপ/প্রায়শ্চিত্ত সংক্রান্ত]
- ⇒ Penitentially (adv.)
- ⇒ Penitentiary (n.) [কারাগার]

Perfidious (adj.) [বিশ্বাসঘাতক, দুরাচারী]

- ⇒ = deceitful and disloyal.
- ⇒ A perfidious lover.
- ⇒ Perfidiously (adv.)
- ⇒ Perfidiousness (n.)

Peril (n.) [ভয়ানক বিপদ]

- ⇒ = a state of danger involving risk.
- ⇒ His life is in peril now.
- ⇒ Peril (v.) [বিপদ ডেকে আনা]
- ⇒ = pose a threat to.
- ⇒ Perilous (adj.) [বিপজ্জনক]
- ⇒ The country roads are quite perilous.
- ⇒ Perilously (adv.)

Periphrasis (n.) [ঘুরিয়ে ঘুরিয়ে কথন/রচনা]

- ⇒ = a style that involves indirect ways of expressing things.
- ⇒ Example: I believe এর পরিবর্তে I do believe.

Perpetrate (v.) [কোন অপরাধ সংঘটন করা]

- ⇒ = perform an act, usually with a negative connotation.
- ⇒ The Pak army perpetrated great atrocities.
- ⇒ Perpetrator (n.)
- ⇒ Perpetration. (n.)

Perpetuate (v.) [চিরস্থায়ী করা]

- ⇒ Perpetuation (n.)
- ⇒ Perpetuity (n.) [চিরস্থায়ীত্ব]
- ⇒ Perpetual (adj.) [অনন্ত]
- ⇒ Perpetually (adv.)

Persnickety/ Pernickety (adj.)

- ⇒ = giving too much attention to small unimportant details in a way that annoys other people.
- ⇒ As a writer, he is extremely persnickety about using words correctly.

Perturb (v.) [উত্তেজিত করা, বিদ্ব সৃষ্টি করা]

- ⇒ = disturb in mind or make uneasy or cause to be worried or alarmed.
- ⇒ Sorry to perturb you.
- ⇒ Perturbation (n.)

Picaresque (n.) [ভবঘুরে ও দুষ্ট চরিত্রদের অভিযান বিষয়ে লিখিত]

- ⇒ = involving clever rogues or adventurers especially as in a type of fiction.

Picayune (adj.)

- ⇒ = small and of little importance.
- ⇒ Giving a police officer a free meal may be against the law, but it seems to be a picayune infraction.

Piecemeal (adj./adv.) [খন্ড খন্ডভাবে, টুকরা টুকরা অবস্থায়]

- ⇒ = done in a gradual and inconsistent way.
- ⇒ Work done piecemeal, Read a novel piecemeal.

Pied (adj.) [বিভিন্ন বর্ণযুক্ত, চিত্রবিচিত্র]

- ⇒ = having 2 or more different colors.
- ⇒ Piebald (adj.)
- ⇒ = having sections or patches colored differently and usually brightly.

Pilfer (v.) [চুরি করা (নগন্য পরিমাণে)]

- ⇒ = steal (things of little value)
- ⇒ Pilfered from the bookracks.
- ⇒ The children pilfered apples from the fruit stand.
- ⇒ Pilferer (n.)
- ⇒ Pilferage (n.)

Pinion (v.) [পাখির ডানা কেটে দেয়া যাতে উড়তে না পারে, কোন ব্যক্তির হাত বেঁধে রাখা]

- ⇒ = restrain or immobilize by binding the wings or legs.
- ⇒ Pinion (n.)
- ⇒ = bird's wing.

Pique (v.) [কারও অহংকার বা আত্মসম্মানে আঘাত করা, (ওৎসুক্য জাগিয়ে তোলা)]

- ⇒ = cause to feel resentment or indignation.
- ⇒ Pique oneself on sth. [গর্ব অনুভব করা]
- ⇒ She piqued herself on being very charming.
- ⇒ Pique (n.) [গর্ব, অহংকার, ঘৃণা]
- ⇒ He left the meeting in a fit of pique.

Pirouette (n.)

- ⇒ = a rapid spin of the body (especially on the toes as in ballet).
- ⇒ Pirouette (v.)

Pith (n.) [সার, সারাংশ, তেজ, বীর্য, বল]

- ⇒ = the choicest or most essential or most vital part of some idea or experience.
- ⇒ The pith of his argument/speech.
- ⇒ Pithy (adj.) [তেজস্বী, সারগর্ভ]
- ⇒ Pithily (adv.) [বলিষ্ঠভাবে]

Placate (v.) [শান্ত/আশ্বস্ত করা]

- ⇒ = to stop someone from feeling angry.
- ⇒ Outraged minority groups will not be placated by promises of future improvements.
- ⇒ Placatory (adj.)
- ⇒ The tone of the letter was placatory.

Platitude (n.) [বহুশ্রুত স্বতঃসিদ্ধ উক্তি]

- ⇒ = a trite or obvious remark, an unoriginal saying.
- ⇒ Politicians speak platitudes about lowering taxes.

Plausible (adj.) [আপাতদৃষ্টিতে যথার্থ বা যুক্তিসঙ্গত, অজুহাতসন্ধানী (ব্যক্তি)]

- ⇒ = apparently reasonable and valid.
- ⇒ A plausible excuse/explanation.
- ⇒ A plausible rogue.
- ⇒ Plausibly (adv.)
- ⇒ Plausibility (n.)
- ⇒ Implausible (adj.)

- ⇒ = difficult to believe.
- ⇒ The whole plot of the film is ridiculously implausible.
- ⇒ Implausibly (adv.)
- ⇒ Implausibility (n.)

Plenitude (n.) [প্রাচুর্য]

- ⇒ = a full supply.
- ⇒ In the plenitude of one's powers.
- ⇒ Plenteous (adj.) [প্রাচুর]
- ⇒ Plenteously (adv.)
- ⇒ Plentiful (adj.)
- ⇒ Plentifully (adv.)
- ⇒ Plenty (n. /adv.)

Plethora (n.) [অতিপ্রাচুর্য, আতিশয্য]

- ⇒ = extreme excess.
- ⇒ There's a plethora of books about the royal family.

Pneumatic (adj.)

- ⇒ = of or relating to or using air (or a similar gas).
- ⇒ Pneumatic drill, pneumatic tire.

Precinct (n.) [শহরের পরিপার্শ্ব, সংরক্ষিত এলাকা]

- ⇒ = a district of a city or town marked out for administrative purposes.
- ⇒ Pedestrian precinct, Shopping precinct.

Predilection (n.)

- ⇒ A predilection for [বিশেষ অনুরাগ/পক্ষপাত, পূর্বানুরাগ]
- ⇒ He has a predilection for drinking alcohol.

Preponderant (adj.) [প্রবলতর]

- ⇒ = having superior power and influence.
- ⇒ Preponderantly (adv.)
- ⇒ Preponderance (n.) [প্রাবল্য]

Prepossess (v.) [মন জয়/অধিকার করা]

- ⇒ = make a positive impression (on someone) beforehand.
- ⇒ He was prepossessed by young lady's charms.
- ⇒ Prepossessing (adj.) [চিত্তাকর্ষক]
- ⇒ A girl of prepossessing appearance.
- ⇒ Prepossession (n.) [প্রথম দর্শনেই অনুকূল অনুভূতি]

Prescient (adj.) [ভবিষ্যদদর্শী]

- ⇒ = perceiving the significance of events before they occur.
- ⇒ Presciently (adv.)
- ⇒ Prescience (n.) [পূর্বজ্ঞান]

Preternatural (adj.) [অস্বাভাবিক, অনৈসর্গিক]

- ⇒ = surpassing the ordinary or normal.
- ⇒ Preternaturally (adv.)

Proactive (adj.)

- ⇒ = taking action by causing change and not only reacting to change when it happens.
- ⇒ Companies are going to have to be more proactive about environmental management.
- ⇒ A proactive approach/role.

Proclivity (n.) [প্রবণতা]

- ⇒ = a natural inclination.
- ⇒ The sexual proclivities of celebrities.

Prodigal (adj.) [অতিব্যয়ী, মুক্তহস্ত]

- ⇒ Prodigal (n.)
- ⇒ Prodigally (adv.)
- ⇒ Prodigality (n.)
- ⇒ The prodigality of the sea.

Progenitor (n.) [পূর্বপুরুষ, পূর্বসূরী]

- ⇒ = an ancestor in the direct line.
- ⇒ Marx was the progenitor of communism.

Proletariat (adj.) [সর্বহারা-সম্প্রদায়]

- ⇒ = a social class comprising those who do manual labor or work for wages.
- ⇒ Proletarian (n.) [সর্বহারা]

Prolix (adj.) [অতিবিস্তার হেতু ক্লান্তিকর/বিরক্তিকর]

- ⇒ = tediously prolonged or tending to speak or write at great length.
- ⇒ The author's prolix style has done nothing to encourage sales of the book.
- ⇒ Prolixity (n.)

Promiscuous (adj.) [এলোমেলো, বাহ্যবিচারহীন]

- ⇒ = casual and unrestrained in sexual behavior.
- ⇒ Promiscuous sexual intercourse.
- ⇒ Promiscuously (adv.)

Promulgate (v.) [প্রচার করা, সরকারিভাবে ঘোষণা করা]

⇒ = state or announce.

Propinquity (n.) [নৈকট্য, (ভাবের) মিল]

⇒ = the property of being close together.

Propitiate (v.) [ক্রোধের উপশমের জন্য কিছু করা]

⇒ = to please and make calm a god or person who is annoyed with you.

⇒ In those days people might sacrifice a goat or sheep to propitiate an angry god.

⇒ Propitiation (n.) [প্রায়শ্চিত্ত]

⇒ Propitiatory (adj.)

⇒ With a propitiatory gesture he offered her his hand.

⇒ Propitious (adj.) [অনুকূল, সুপ্রসন্ন, শুভ]

⇒ Weather that was propitious for their journey.

⇒ With the economy in the worst recession for thirty years, it was scarcely the most propitious time to start up a company.

⇒ Propitiously (adv.)

Propel (v.) [সম্মুখে চালানো]

⇒ = cause to move forward with force.

⇒ A rocket propelled through space.

⇒ Propeller (n.)

⇒ Propulsion (n.)

⇒ = a force that pushes something forward.

⇒ A propulsion system.

Proscribe (v.) [নিষিদ্ধ করা, নির্বাসিত করা]

⇒ = (1) officially forbid, command against (2) criticize/condemn

⇒ Sugar is proscribed for most diabetics.

⇒ Proscribed (adj.) [নিষিদ্ধ]

Protract (v.) [দীর্ঘায়িত/বিলম্বিত করা]

⇒ = lengthen in time.

⇒ A protracted visit/argument.

⇒ Protraction (n.) [দীর্ঘসূত্রতা]

Providence (n.) [মিতব্যয়িতা, ভবিষ্যৎ-চিন্তা, দূরদর্শিতা]

⇒ Providence fund.

⇒ Provident (adj.) [দূরদর্শী]

⇒ Providently (adv.)

⇒ Providential (adj.)

⇒ Providentially (adv.)

Puerile (adj.) [শিশুসুলভ, তুচ্ছ]

- ⇒ I find his sense of humor rather puerile.
- ⇒ Puerility (n.) [বালকসুলভ ব্যবহার/কথা/চিন্তা]

Pugnacious (adj.) [যুদ্ধংদেহী, লড়াইপ্রিয়, ঝগড়াটে]

- ⇒ = wanting to start an argument or fight.
- ⇒ I found him pugnacious and arrogant.
- ⇒ Pugnaciously (adv.)
- ⇒ Pugnacity (n.)

Pulchritude (n.) [দৈহিক সৌন্দর্য]

- ⇒ = physical beauty (especially of a woman).

Pummel (v.) [উপর্যুপরি ঘুষি মারা]

- ⇒ = strike with the fist.
- ⇒ The boxer had pummeled his opponent into submission by the end of the fourth round.

Punctilious (adj.) [আদবকায়দার খুঁটিনাটি ব্যাপারে অতিসতর্ক, কেতাদুরস্ত, লেফাফাদুরস্ত]

- ⇒ = marked by precise accordance with details.
- ⇒ He was always punctilious in his manners.
- ⇒ Punctiliously (adv.)
- ⇒ Punctiliousness (n.)

Purloin (v.) [চুরি করা]

- ⇒ = steal.
- ⇒ I was using a pen that I'd purloined from the office.
- ⇒ Purloiner (n.) [ছিঁচকে চোর]

Purulent (adj.) [পুঁজযুক্ত]

- ⇒ = having undergone infection.
- ⇒ Purulence (n.)

Purvey (v.) [সরবরাহ করা]

- ⇒ = supply with provisions.
- ⇒ Benson & Hedges purvey tobacco for the NAVY.
- ⇒ Purveyance (n.)
- ⇒ Purveyor (n.)

Pusillanimous (adj.) [ভীরু, দুর্বলচিত্ত]

- ⇒ = lacking in courage and manly strength and resolution.
- ⇒ He's too pusillanimous to stand up to his opponents.
- ⇒ Pusillanimously (adv.)

⇒ Pusillanimity (n.)

Putative (adj.) [সচরাচরভাবে পরিচিত, অনুমিত]

⇒ = generally accepted, commonly put forth or accepted as true on inconclusive grounds.

⇒ Putatively (adv.)

⇒ The putative leader of the terrorist organization was arrested by police in Birmingham yesterday.

Putrefy (v.) [পচানো]

⇒ = liable to decay or spoil or become putrid.

⇒ Putrefaction (n.) [পচন]

⇒ Putrescent (adj.) [পচে যাচ্ছে এমন]

⇒ Putrescence (n.) [পচনপ্রক্রিয়া]

⇒ Putrescible (adj.) [capable of decaying or rotting]

⇒ Putrid (adj.) [পচা, গলিত ও দুর্গন্ধযুক্ত, অসহ্য]

⇒ Putridity (n.) [গলিত অবস্থা]

Quaff (n.)

⇒ = a hearty draft.

⇒ Quaff (v.)

⇒ = to drink something quickly or in large amounts.

Quail (v.) [ভয় পেয়ে পিছিয়ে যাওয়া]

⇒ = shrink back in fear.

⇒ He quailed at the thought of fighting in the war.

⇒ Quail (n.) [তিতির জাতীয় পাখিবিশেষ]

Quandary (n.) [দ্বিধা]

⇒ = a state of not being able to decide what to do about a situation in which you are involved.

⇒ It is logical quandary as much as anything.

⇒ I was in a quandary about what to do.

Quench (v.) [আশা ভঙ্গ করা, তৃষ্ণা নিবারণ করা, নির্বাপিত করা (আগুন), পানিতে ডুবিয়ে কোন গরম জিনিসকে ঠান্ডা করা]

⇒ = satisfy (thirst).

⇒ Quenchless (adj.) [দুর্নিবার, অতৃপ্ত, দুর্নিবার]

⇒ A quenchless thirst.

Raillery (n.)

⇒ = joking or laughing at someone in a friendly way, light teasing repartee.

Raiment (n.) [জামাকাপড়, পোশাক পরিচ্ছদ]

- ⇒ = especially fine or decorative clothing.
- ⇒ Raiment (v.)
- ⇒ = provide with clothes or put clothes on.

Rake (n.) [দুশ্চরিত্র/লম্পট ব্যক্তি]

- ⇒ = a dissolute man in fashionable society.
- ⇒ Rake (v.) [চালু করা/হওয়া, মই দেয়া, সত্যানুসন্ধান করা]
- ⇒ = examine hastily.
- ⇒ The floor of the theatre raked towards the audience.
- ⇒ Rakish (adj.) [দুশ্চরিত্র, চালু]
- ⇒ = stylish, sporty.
- ⇒ He has a rakish air about him.
- ⇒ Rakishly (adv.)
- ⇒ Rakishness (n.)

Ramble (v.) [ঘুরে বেড়ানো]

- ⇒ My various ramblings...
- ⇒ Ramble (n.) [ইতস্তত ভ্রমণ]
- ⇒ Rambler (n.)
- ⇒ Rambling (adj.) [(১) ইতস্তত বর্ধমান (বাড়িঘর, রাস্তাঘাট, শহর সম্পর্কে) (২) অসংলগ্ন (বক্তৃতা, রচনা আলোচনা সম্পর্কে)]

Ramify (v.) [শাখায় বিভক্ত করা/হওয়া]

- ⇒ = divide into two or more branches.
- ⇒ Ramification (n.) [কোন জটিল যুক্তির বিভিন্ন অংশ/দিক]
- ⇒ This book will analyze the idea in all its ramifications.

Rapport (n.) [সহানুভূতিপূর্ণ সম্পর্ক]

- ⇒ = a feeling of sympathetic understanding.
- ⇒ We'd worked together for years and developed a close/good rapport.
- ⇒ She has an excellent rapport with her staff.

Rasp (v.) [ঘষে তুলে ফেলা, উত্যক্ত করা, কর্কশভাবে উচ্চারণ করা, ক্যাঁচর ক্যাঁচর করা]

- ⇒ Rasp sb's feelings/nerves.
- ⇒ Rasp out orders/insults.
- ⇒ Rasping on a violin.
- ⇒ Raspingly (adv.) [খ্যাঁচ খ্যাঁচ করা]

Ratify (v.) [স্বাক্ষর দিয়ে দৃঢ়ভাবে অনুমোদন করা]

- ⇒ = approve in writing.
- ⇒ Many countries have now ratified the UN convention on the rights of the child.
- ⇒ Ratification (n.)

Raucous (adj.) [কর্কশ ধ্বনি]

- ⇒ = unpleasantly loud and harsh.
- ⇒ A raucous voice.
- ⇒ I heard the raucous call of the crows.
- ⇒ Raucous laughter came from the next room.
- ⇒ Raucously (adv.)

Ravel (v.) [জট খোলা/ছাড়ানো]

- ⇒ = unravel.

Raze (v.) [ধূলিসাৎ করা]

- ⇒ = tear down so as to make flat with the ground, destroy completely (a building/town).
- ⇒ The government razed some old buildings and built new ones.

Rebut (v.) [মিথ্যা বলে প্রমাণ করা]

- ⇒ = prove to be false or incorrect.
- ⇒ Our lawyer saved our case when she rebutted the other lawyer's speech.

Recant (v.) [মতামত/বিশ্বাস ত্যাগ করা, বিবৃতি অমূলক বলে প্রত্যাহার করা]

- ⇒ = formally reject or disavow a formerly held belief, usually under pressure.
- ⇒ The witness later recanted the things he said in court and said it was all not true.

Recuperate (v.) [অসুস্থতা বা ক্ষয়ক্ষতির পর আবার সুস্থসবল হয়ে ওঠা/করে তোলা, পুনরুদ্ধার করা]

- ⇒ = regain or make up for.
- ⇒ Recuperate one's health.
- ⇒ He recuperated quickly after being in the hospital.
- ⇒ Recuperation (n.)

Redolent (adj.) [স্মৃতিসুরভিত]

- ⇒ = serving to bring to mind.
- ⇒ Handkerchiefs redolent of rose-leaves.
- ⇒ The album is a heartfelt cry, redolent of a time before radio and television.

Redress (v.) [(ভুল) সংশোধন করা, ক্ষতিপূরণ করা]

- ⇒ = make reparations or amends for.
- ⇒ Redress one's errors.
- ⇒ Redress the balance [ভারসাম্য পুনরায় প্রতিষ্ঠিত করা]
- ⇒ Redress (n.)
- ⇒ Seek legal redress.

Redundant (adj.) [বাড়তি, অনাবশ্যক, প্রয়োজনাতিরিক্ত]

- ⇒ = more than is needed, desired, or required.
- ⇒ A redundant word, A redundant labor.
- ⇒ The teacher told him the ideas in his essay were redundant, because he repeated the same idea three times.
- ⇒ Her position at the company was declared redundant and she was told to find a new job.
- ⇒ Redundancy (n.)

Reek (n.) [তীব্র দুর্গন্ধ]

- ⇒ = a distinctive odor that is offensively unpleasant.
- ⇒ The reek of stale tobacco smoke.
- ⇒ Reek (v.) [দুর্গন্ধে ভুর ভুর করা]
- ⇒ Reek with [ঘাম বা রক্তে লিপ্ত বা সিক্ত হওয়া]

Reel (v.) [বিচলিত হওয়া, নাড়া খাওয়া]

- ⇒ = walk as if unable to control one's movements.
- ⇒ She hit him so hard that he reeled backwards.
- ⇒ We were reeling with the news that we had won all that money.

Refractory (adj.) [অবাধ্য, একগুঁয়ে]

- ⇒ = stubborn, difficult to control.
- ⇒ As refractory as a mule [খচ্চর].

Regurgitate (v.) [উদ্গিরণ করা]

- ⇒ = pour or rush back, repeat after memorization.
- ⇒ Birds regurgitate food to feed their young.

Rehash (v.) [নতুন রূপে ব্যবহার করা]

- ⇒ = reuse (old ideas/materials) with no great change/improvement.
- ⇒ Rehash last term's lectures for the coming term.

Rejoin (v.) [জবাব/উত্তর দেয়া]

- ⇒ = (1) join again (2) answer back.
- ⇒ Rejoinder (n.) [প্রত্যুত্তর]
- ⇒ = a quick/witty reply.
- ⇒ A lawyer said the witness was lying, and the witness answered with an angry rejoinder, proving to the court that she was telling the truth.

Reminisce (v.) [স্মৃতিচারণ করা]

- ⇒ Remind (v.)
- ⇒ Reminder (n.)
- ⇒ Reminiscent (adj.) [স্মরণ করিয়ে দেয় এমন, স্মৃতিচারী]
- ⇒ = serving to bring to mind.
- ⇒ His voice is reminiscent of his father's.
- ⇒ Become reminiscent.
- ⇒ Reminiscently (adv.)
- ⇒ Reminiscence (n.) [স্মৃতিকথা]
- ⇒ There is a reminiscence of her mother in the way she smiles.

Remit (v.) [ক্ষমা করা, মওকুফ করা, হ্রাস করা/পাওয়া, পাঠানো]

- ⇒ = release from (claims and debts).
- ⇒ His examination fees have been remitted.
- ⇒ The case will be remitted to an expert committee.
- ⇒ Remission (n.) [ক্ষমা, মার্জনা, রেহাই, মওকুফ, লাঘব]
- ⇒ Remission for good conducts. [করাগার থেকে]
- ⇒ Remission of a fever.
- ⇒ Remittance (n.) [অর্থ প্রেরণ বা প্রেরিত অর্থ]

Remunerate (v.) [পারিতোষিক দেয়া]

- ⇒ = pay (someone) for work done.
- ⇒ He is poorly remunerated for all the work he does.
- ⇒ Remuneration (n.)
- ⇒ Remunerative (adj.) [লাভজনক]

Rend (v.) [বিদীর্ণ করা, চেরা]

- ⇒ = tear or be torn violently.
- ⇒ With one stroke of his sword, he rent his enemy's helmet **in** two.

Reneg (v.)

- ⇒ = go back on a promise, undertaking, or contract.
- ⇒ Reneg on [কথা না রাখা]

Repent (v.) [অনুতপ্ত হওয়া]

- ⇒ = turn away from sin or do penitence.
- ⇒ Repentance (n.)
- ⇒ = remorse for your past conduct.
- ⇒ This was an extremely violent crime, for which the boy showed no repentance.
- ⇒ Repentant (adj.)
- ⇒ = feeling sorry for something that you have done.

Repertoire (n.)

- ⇒ = list of works of music, drama, etc.
- ⇒ There are a hundred popular songs in her repertoire.

Repine (v.) [অনুতাপ করা, অতৃপ্ত হওয়া]

- ⇒ = express discontent, fret.
- ⇒ Repine against [দূরদর্শিতার অভাবে পরিতাপ করা]

Replenish (v.) [পূরণায় শূন্যস্থান পূরণ করা]

- ⇒ Replenishment (n.)
- ⇒ Replete (adj.) [ভর্তি, পরিপূর্ণ]
- ⇒ Repletion (n.) [পরিপূর্ণ/ঠাসা অবস্থা]

Rescind (v.) [আইন/চুক্তি বাতিল করা]

- ⇒ = to make a law, agreement, order or decision no longer have any (legal) power, revoke.
- ⇒ The Congress rescinded a tax law that people didn't like.
- ⇒ Rescission (n.)

Resilience (n.) [আগের অবস্থায় ফিরে আসার গুণাবলী]

- ⇒ = the physical property of a material that can return to its original shape or position after deformation that does not exceed its elastic limit.
- ⇒ Resilient (adj.)

Resplendent (adj.) [অত্যন্ত উজ্জ্বল, চমৎকার]

- ⇒ = having great beauty and splendor.
- ⇒ I saw Anna at the other end of the room, resplendent in a red sequined cocktail dress.
- ⇒ Resplendently (adv.)
- ⇒ Resplendence (n.)

Retrograde (v.) [আরো খারাপ হওয়া, পিছনমুখী হওয়া]

- ⇒ = going from better to worse.
- ⇒ Retrograde (adj.) [অবনতিমূলক]

⇒ He said it would be a retrograde step to remove single parent benefit.

Robust (adj.) [মোটাসোটা, প্রবল]

- ⇒ = strong and healthy.
- ⇒ A robust economy.
- ⇒ Robustly (adv.)
- ⇒ Some of his colleagues felt he could have defended himself more robustly.
- ⇒ Robustness (n.)

Ruddy (adj.) [স্বাস্থ্যোজ্জ্বল, আরক্তিম, লালভ]

- ⇒ = inclined to a healthy reddish color often associated with outdoor life.
- ⇒ In ruddy health.
- ⇒ A ruddy glow in the sky.

Rudimentary (adj.) [প্রাথমিক, আদিম]

- ⇒ = being in the earliest stages of development.
- ⇒ Her knowledge is still only rudimentary.

Rustic (adj.) [গ্রামীণ, সাদাসিধা, অকপট]

- ⇒ = characteristic of rural life.
- ⇒ They live in a rustic fishing village.
- ⇒ Rusticity (n.)

Salutary (adj.) [কল্যাণকর, হিতকর]

- ⇒ = beneficial to health.
- ⇒ A salutary reminder of the dangers of mountain climbing.

Sapling (n.) [চারা গাছ, তরুণ]

- ⇒ Sappy (adj.) [প্রাণশক্তিতে ভরপুর]

Savior (n.) [ত্রাণকর্তা, ত্রাতা]

- ⇒ = a person who rescues you from harm or danger.
- ⇒ This mayor has created jobs and helped the poor; she is the city's savior.

Scarce (adj.) [দুর্লভ]

- ⇒ = not easy to find or obtain.
- ⇒ Food and clean water were becoming scarce.
- ⇒ A scarce book.
- ⇒ Scarcely (adv.) [খুব বেশি হলে, বড়ো জোর]
- ⇒ She scarcely knows you. [বলতে গেলে চেনেই না]
- ⇒ Scarcity (n.)

Scruple (n.) [বিবেকজনিত সংকোচ বা দ্বিধা]

- ⇒ = an ethical or moral principle that inhibits action.
- ⇒ Tell lies without scruple. [নিঃসঙ্কোচে]
- ⇒ Scruple to do sth (v.) [বিবেকের দরুন দ্বিধা করা]
- ⇒ Scrupulous (adj.) [বিবেকবান, খুঁতখুঁতে]
- ⇒ Scrupulously (adv.)
- ⇒ Scrupulously exact/careful.
- ⇒ Unscrupulous (adj.) [বিবেকহীন]
- ⇒ Unscrupulously (adv.)

Sear (v.)

- ⇒ = make very hot and dry.
- ⇒ The heat from the explosion seared their hands and faces.
- ⇒ Searing (adj.)
- ⇒ Searingly (adv.)

Senescence (n.)

- ⇒ = the property characteristic of old age.

Sententious (adj.) [সংক্ষিপ্ত অথচ সরস ভঙ্গিতে বলতে বা লিখতে অভ্যস্ত, আড়ম্বরপূর্ণ, ঘটনাবহুল]

- ⇒ = concise and full of meaning.
- ⇒ A sententious speaker/speech.

Serene (adj.) [স্বচ্ছ ও শান্ত]

- ⇒ = peaceful and calm; troubled by nothing.
- ⇒ She has a lovely serene face.
- ⇒ Serenely (adv.)
- ⇒ Serenity (n.)
- ⇒ I admired her serenity in the midst of so much chaos.

Sheepish (adj.) [অপ্রস্তুত, অপ্রতিভ, গাড়ল]

- ⇒ = embarrassed because you know that you have done something wrong or silly.
- ⇒ She gave me a sheepish smile and apologized.
- ⇒ Sheepishly (adv.)
- ⇒ Sheepishness (n.)

Shrivel (v.) [কোঁচকানো]

- ⇒ = wither, esp. with a loss of moisture.
- ⇒ Shriveled face/leaves.

Shun (v.) [দূরে থাকা, পরিহার করা]

- ⇒ = (1) avoid and stay away from deliberately (2) expel from a community or group.
- ⇒ Shun temptation.
- ⇒ She has shunned publicity since she retired from the theatre.
- ⇒ After the trial he was shunned by friends and family alike.

Sibilant (adj.) [শিসধ্বনিসম্পন্ন, শিসধ্বনিকারক]

- ⇒ Sibilant (n.)
- ⇒ = a consonant characterized by a hissing sound (like s or sh).

Simper (v.) [বোকাল মত হাসা]

- ⇒ = to smile in a foolish or silly way.
- ⇒ She gave her teacher a simpering smile.
- ⇒ Simperingly (adv.)

Slew (v.)

- ⇒ = turn sharply, change direction abruptly, glut/excess.
- ⇒ The car hit a patch of ice and slewed around violently.
- ⇒ Slew (n.)
- ⇒ = large quantity or number.

Smolder (v.) [ধিকি ধিকি জ্বলা]

- ⇒ = (1) have strong suppressed feelings (2) burn slowly and without a flame.
- ⇒ Smoldering discontent [ধূমায়িত অসন্তোষ]
- ⇒ The fire was started by a smoldering cigarette.
- ⇒ The dispute is still smoldering, five years after the negotiations began.
- ⇒ He gazed at her with smoldering eyes, wishing she wasn't married.

Smother (v.) [শ্বাসরোধ করে হত্যা করা, দমন করা, চাপা দেয়া]

- ⇒ = deprive of oxygen and prevent from breathing.
- ⇒ The latest violence has smothered any remaining hopes for an early peace agreement.
- ⇒ I think she broke off their engagement because she felt smothered by him.

Sober (adj.) [আত্মনিয়ন্ত্রিত, সংযমী]

- ⇒ = completely lacking in playfulness.
- ⇒ Anthony was in a very sober mood - I scarcely heard him laugh all night.
- ⇒ Sober (v.)
- ⇒ News of the tragedy has sobered us.
- ⇒ Soberly (adv.)
- ⇒ Sobering (adj.)
- ⇒ Sobriety (n.)
- ⇒ We had the priest sitting at our table which instilled a little sobriety into the occasion.

Solipsism (n.) [আত্মজ্ঞানবাদ]

- ⇒ = (philosophy) the philosophical theory that the self is all that you know to exist.
- ⇒ Solipsistic (adj.)

Sophomore (n.) [চতুর্বার্ষিক কলেজে দ্বিতীয় বর্ষের ছাত্র/ছাত্রী]

- ⇒ Freshman : < 30 Credits
- ⇒ Sophomore: 30 – 59 Credits
- ⇒ Junior: 60 – 89 Credits
- ⇒ Senior: > 90 Credits

Sordid (adj.) [শোচনীয়, নোংরা, ঘৃণ্য]

- ⇒ = morally degraded.
- ⇒ A sordid slum.
- ⇒ These men and women are all living in sordid poverty.
- ⇒ Sordidly (adv.)
- ⇒ Sordidness (n.)
- ⇒ Sordid motives.

Speculate (v.) [অনুমান করা]

- ⇒ = to believe especially on uncertain or tentative grounds.
- ⇒ The newspapers have speculated that they will get married next year.
- ⇒ Speculation (n.)
- ⇒ The Prime Minister's speech fuelled/prompted speculation that an election will be held later in the year.

Spoof (v.) [ধাঙ্গা দেয়া, ঠকানো]

- ⇒ = to try to make someone believe in something that is not true, as a joke.
- ⇒ You have been spoofed. [তোমাকে ঠকিয়েছে]
- ⇒ Spoof (n.)

- ⇒ = an amusing and ridiculous piece of writing, music, theatre, etc. that copies the style of an original work.
- ⇒ It was a spoof cowboy film.

Spurn (v.) [ঘৃণাভরে মুখ ফিরিয়ে নেয়া]

- ⇒ = reject with contempt, push aside.
- ⇒ She spurned my offers of help.

Stagger (v.) [টলমলভাবে হাঁটা]

- ⇒ = (1) walk/move unsteadily as if about to fall (2) astonish sb (3) spread over a period of time (4) to arrange in a stack or pile.
- ⇒ Every night we find him staggering to his house.
- ⇒ That's a piece of staggering news.
- ⇒ Staggerer (n.)
- ⇒ Staggeringly (adv.)

Stalemate (v.) [অচলাবস্থা সৃষ্টি করা]

- ⇒ = subject to a stalemate, in chess.
- ⇒ Stalemate (n.)
- ⇒ = a situation in which no progress can be made.
- ⇒ Despite long discussions, the workers and the management remain locked in stalemate.

Stanza (n.) [স্তবক]

- ⇒ = a fixed number of lines of verse forming a unit of a poem.

Stasis (n.)

- ⇒ = a period/state when there is no change or development.
- ⇒ She was bored - her life was in stasis.

Stellar (adj.) [নক্ষত্র সম্বন্ধীয়, নাক্ষত্রিক]

- ⇒ = being or relating to or resembling or emanating from stars.
- ⇒ Constellation (n.) [একত্রে অবস্থিত নক্ষত্রপুঞ্জ, বিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তিদের দল/সমাবেশ]

Stifle (v.) [শ্বাসরুদ্ধ বোধ করা, দমন করা, থামিয়ে দেয়া]

- ⇒ = smother, suppress, conceal, hide.
- ⇒ We were stifled in the crowded local bus.
- ⇒ I feel stifled in a smoky room.
- ⇒ Stifler (n.) [শ্বাসরোধকারী, দমনকারী]

Stolid (adj.) [অবিচলিত, অনুভূজিত]

- ⇒ = not easily aroused or excited.
- ⇒ Stolidly (adv.)
- ⇒ Stolidness (n.)
- ⇒ Stolidity (n.)

Stride (v.) [লম্বা লম্বা পা ফেলে চলা, দুই পা ফাঁক করে দাড়ানো/বসা]

- ⇒ = walk with long, decisive steps
- ⇒ Stride along the empty footpath.
- ⇒ Stride over a wide drain.
- ⇒ Astride (adv.) [দুই পা দুপাশে ঝুলিয়ে]

Strident (adj.) [কর্কশ, তীক্ষ্ণ]

- ⇒ = unpleasantly loud and harsh.
- ⇒ The old machine gives out strident notes.
- ⇒ I could hear her angry, strident voice from next door.
- ⇒ Stridulate (v.) [তীক্ষ্ণ কর্কশ শব্দ করা]
- ⇒ Stridulation (n.)
- ⇒ Stridency (n.)

Suave (adj.) [আচরণে মধুর ও বিনয়ী (তবে সম্ভবত আন্তরিকতাহীন)]

- ⇒ = smoothly agreeable and courteous with a degree of sophistication.
- ⇒ Suavely (adv.)
- ⇒ Suavity (n.)

Suffrage (n.) [ভোট, ভোটাধিকার]

- ⇒ = the right to vote in an election.
- ⇒ Universal suffrage.
- ⇒ Suffragette (n.)
- ⇒ = a woman advocate of women's right to vote.

Supercilious (adj.) [অবজ্ঞামিশ্রিত]

- ⇒ = having or showing arrogant superiority to.
- ⇒ Nose high in the air, looking like a supercilious camel.
- ⇒ Superciliously (adv.)
- ⇒ Superciliousness (n.)

Supine (adj.) [নিষ্কর্মা, অলস]

- ⇒ = (1) offering no resistance. (2) lying face upward.
- ⇒ The new director has introduced a series of changes against little opposition from the supine staff.

- ⇒ We walked along the beach, past the rows of supine bodies soaking up the sun.
- ⇒ Supinely (adv.)

Surfeit (n.) [অতিপান/অতিভোজনের দরুন অস্বস্তি, বিবমিষা]

- ⇒ = the state of being more than full.
- ⇒ Have a surfeit of [খেয়ে খেয়ে অরুচি/বিতৃষ্ণা ধরা]
- ⇒ Surfeit (v.)
- ⇒ Surfeit oneself with fruit, Be surfeited with pleasure.

Swathe (v.) [পটি বাঁধা]

- ⇒ = wrap around, bandage.
- ⇒ Swathed in bandages.

Taper (v.) [একদিকে ক্রমাগত সরু হয়ে যাওয়া]

- ⇒ One end of the cloth tapers.
- ⇒ Taper (n.) [খুব সরু মোমবাতি]

Taunt (n.) [বিদ্রূপ]

- ⇒ = aggravation by deriding or mocking or criticizing.
- ⇒ Tauntingly (adv.) [বিদ্রূপাত্মকভাবে]

Tautology (n.) [অর্থহীন পুনরাবৃত্তি]

- ⇒ = useless repetition.
- ⇒ Tautological (adj.)

Temporal (adj.) [সময়গত]

- ⇒ (1) relating to time (2) not eternal
- ⇒ Temporality (n.) [পার্থিব বস্তু]

Tender (adj.) [কোমল]

- ⇒ = young and immature.
- ⇒ He was sent off to boarding school at the tender age of seven.

Tenuous (adj.) [ক্ষীণ, সরু]

- ⇒ = very slight and weak.
- ⇒ We were only able to make a tenuous connection between the two robberies.
- ⇒ Tenuity (n.)

Terse (adj.) [সংক্ষিপ্ত, বাহুল্যবর্জিত]

- ⇒ = brief and to the point.
- ⇒ 'Are you feeling any better?' 'No' was the terse reply.
- ⇒ Tersely (adv.)
- ⇒ Terseness (n.)

Thrive (v.) [সমৃদ্ধি লাভ করা]

- ⇒ = grow vigorously.
- ⇒ His business thrived in the years before the war.
- ⇒ Thriving (adj.)
- ⇒ A thriving economy.

Tirade (n.) [দীর্ঘ, ক্রোধোদ্দীপ্ত ও তিরস্কারপূর্ণ বক্তৃতা]

- ⇒ = a violent denunciation [অভিযুক্তকরণ].

Transcend (v.) [সীমা ছাড়িয়ে যাওয়া]

- ⇒ = be greater in scope or size than some standard.
- ⇒ The best films are those which transcend national or cultural barriers.
- ⇒ Transcendence (n.)
- ⇒ Transcendent (adj.)
- ⇒ Transcendental (adj.)

Unqualified (adj.) [চরম, সীমাহীন, অকুণ্ঠ]

- ⇒ = complete, not limited or restricted.
- ⇒ We achieved a lot but I wouldn't say that the project has been an unqualified success.
- ⇒ The proposal has the unqualified support of the entire committee.

Unrequited (adj.) [প্রতিদানহীন]

- ⇒ = not returned in kind.
- ⇒ Unrequited love/service.

Unstudied (adj.) [স্বচ্ছন্দ, স্বাভাবিক]

- ⇒ = impromptu, improvised.

Upshot (n.) [ফলাফল, পরিণাম]

- ⇒ = outcome, final result.
- ⇒ The upshot of the discussions is that there will be no redundancies.

Vain (adj.) [Unproductive of success, নিষ্ফল, বৃথা]

- ⇒ = characteristic of false pride.
- ⇒ It was a vain mission.
- ⇒ Vain – Vainer – Vainest
- ⇒ As vain [গর্বোদ্ধত] as a peacock.
- ⇒ Vainglory (n.) [দেমাগ]
- ⇒ Vainglorious (adj.) [চরম আত্মাভিমानी]
- ⇒ Vainly (adv.) [without success, নিষ্ফলভাবে, গর্বোদ্ধতভাবে]

Vanity (n.) [অহংকার]

- ⇒ = feelings of excessive pride.
- ⇒ His vanity about his appearance is ridiculous; he is always looking at himself in the mirror.

Variegated (adj.) [চিত্রবিচিত্র]

- ⇒ = having a variety of colors.
- ⇒ Variegated leaves.
- ⇒ Variegation (n.)

Venal (adj.) [অর্থের জন্য কোন অসৎ কাজ করতে প্রস্তুত]

- ⇒ = capable of being corrupted.
- ⇒ A venal ruler.
- ⇒ Venally (adv.)
- ⇒ Venality (n.)

Venial (adj.) [মার্জনীয়, ক্ষমার্হ]

- ⇒ = easily excused or forgiven.
- ⇒ A venial error.

Veracity (n.) [সত্য, সত্যপরায়ণতা, সত্যনিষ্ঠা]

- ⇒ = unwillingness to tell lies.
- ⇒ Veracious (adj.) [যথার্থ]
- ⇒ Veraciously (adv.)

Vernal (adj.) [বসন্তকালীন, বাসন্তী]

- ⇒ = pertaining to spring.

Veteran (n.) [যুদ্ধপ্রবীণ]

- ⇒ = an experienced person who has been through many battles.
- ⇒ The ceremony was attended by many of the surviving veterans of World War II.
- ⇒ Veteran (adj.)

Vex (v.) [বিরক্ত বা হ্যরান করা]

- ⇒ = to annoy, worry or disturb (esp. by minor irritations).
- ⇒ It vexes me that my computer is not so fast.
- ⇒ A vexed question [বহু আলোচনার কারণস্বরূপ, কোন দূরহ বা বিরক্তিকর সমস্যা]
- ⇒ Vex (v.) [(সমুদ্রকে) বিক্ষুব্ধ করা]
- ⇒ Vexed by storms.

Virtuoso (n.)

- ⇒ = someone who is dazzlingly skilled in any field.

- ⇒ Famous mainly for his wonderful voice, Cole was also a virtuoso on the piano.
- ⇒ Virtuosity (n.)

Vivacity (n.) [প্রাণোচ্ছলতা]

- ⇒ Vivacious (adj.) [প্রাণবন্ত]
- ⇒ A vivacious girl.
- ⇒ Vivaciously/Vivace (adv.)

Vocation (n.) [বোঁক, বৃত্তি, পেশা]

- ⇒ Vocational (adj.) [জীবিকাগত]
- ⇒ Vocational guidance.
- ⇒ Avocation (n.) [[নিজের নিয়মিত কর্ম থেকে নিবৃত্তি]

Voluptuary (adj.) [ভোগবিলাসী, ইন্দ্রিয়পরবশ]

- ⇒ = describes a woman who has a soft, curved, sexually attractive body.
- ⇒ A voluptuous body/mouth/figure.
- ⇒ I sank into the bed's voluptuous warmth.
- ⇒ Voluptuous (adj.) [ইন্দ্রিয়সুখাবহ]
- ⇒ Voluptuous beauty/music/sensations/thoughts
- ⇒ Voluptuously (adv.)
- ⇒ Voluptuousness (n.)

Voracious (adj.) [রাক্ষুসে]

- ⇒ = excessively greedy and grasping.
- ⇒ A voracious appetite, A voracious reader.
- ⇒ Voraciously (adv.)
- ⇒ Voracity (n.)

Vulpine (adj.) [শৃগাল সম্বন্ধীয়, ধূর্ত]

- ⇒ = resembling or characteristic of a fox.

Wan (adj.) [অসুস্থ, ক্লান্ত, মনমরা]

- ⇒ = dim or feeble.
- ⇒ A wan smile.
- ⇒ Wanly (adv.)
- ⇒ Wan (v.) [become pale and sickly]

Warmonger (n.) [যুদ্ধবাজ ব্যক্তি]

- ⇒ = a person who advocates war or warlike policies.
- ⇒ The President was called a warmonger for sending our army to fight in another country.

Warrant (n.) [ন্যায্যতা, বৈধতা]

- ⇒ You had no warrant for what you did.
- ⇒ Warrant (v.)
- ⇒ Nothing can warrant such insolence.

Wisp (n.) [ছোট আঁটি, গুচ্ছ, কুন্ডলী]

- ⇒ = bale, a small bundle of straw or hay.
- ⇒ A wisp of hair.
- ⇒ A blue wisp of cigarette smoke curled in the air.
- ⇒ Wispy (adj.)
- ⇒ = thin, slight, barely discernible.

Wither (v.) [শুকিয়ে যাওয়া]

- ⇒ = lose freshness, vigor, or vitality.
- ⇒ Grass had withered in the fields.
- ⇒ Withered (adj.)
- ⇒ Withered leaves/flowers.

Withhold (v.) [পেছনে টেনে রাখা]

- ⇒ = hold back.
- ⇒ She withheld her rent until the landlord agreed to have the repairs done.

Woo (v.) [প্রণয় ভিক্ষা করা, (খ্যাতি) লাভের চেষ্টা করা, সমর্থন লাভের চেষ্টা করা]

- ⇒ = (1) make amorous advances towards (2) seek someone's favor.
- ⇒ Wooer (n.)
- ⇒ He wooed her for months with flowers and expensive presents.
- ⇒ The party has been trying to woo the voters with promises of electoral reform.
- ⇒ The airline has been offering discounted tickets to woo passengers away from their competitors.

Xenophobia (n.) [বিদেশীদের সম্বন্ধে অহেতুক ভয়/ঘৃণা]

- ⇒ = a fear of foreigners or strangers.
- ⇒ Xenophobic (n.)

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